Stationary Mode (not feasible)			
Class 1			
AEL (pulse energy) 50 mm	fulfilled	11%	
AEL (mean power) 50 mm	fulfilled	11%	
AEL (pulse energy) 7 mm	fulfilled	3%	
AEL (mean power) 7 mm	exceeded	15190%	
Class 1M (7 mm aperture, 100 mm distance)			
AEL (pulse energy)	fulfilled	3%	
AEL (mean power)	exceeded	15190%	
Class 3R	,		
AEL (pulse energy) 50 mm	fulfilled	2%	
AEL (mean power) 50 mm	exceeded	2273%	
AEL (pulse energy) 7 mm	fulfilled	1%	
AEL (mean power) 7 mm	exceeded	2962%	
Class 3B			
AEL (pulse energy) 50 mm	fulfilled	0%	
AEL (pulse energy) 7 mm	fulfilled	0%	
AEL (mean power)	fulfilled	59%	
If stationary operation of the VQ-580 would be feasible it would have to be classified according to IEC 60825-1:2001. Note that stationary operation is not accessible for a		LASER CLASS 3B	
Margin to the accessible emission limits of the specified laser class:		41%	
NOHD:	Chees 1 M. 100 BEST	389 m	

Scanned Mode			
Class 1			
AEL (pulse energy) 7 mm		fulfilled	3%
AEL (mean power) 7 mm		exceeded	441%
Class 3R			
AEL (pulse energy) 7 mm		fulfilled	1%
AEL (mean power) 7 mm		fulfilled	86%
Class 3B			
AEL (pulse energy) 7 mm		fulfilled	0%
AEL (mean power)		fulfilled	2%
Consequently, the VQ-580 operated in scanning raccording to IEC 60825-1:2001.	node has to be classified as		LASER CLASS 3R
Margin to the accessible emission limits of the spe	ecified laser class:		14%
	NOHD:		121 m

## Conclusion

The VQ-580 can only be operated in the scanned mode. In the case the scanner motor stops, the laser is switched off instantaneously. Therefore, the VQ-580 has to be classified as  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

CLASS 3R LASER PRODUCT