

OPERATOR'S MANUAL

GPS NAVIGATOR

MODEL

GP-150





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(TATA) GP-150

• FURUNO Authorized Distributor/Dealer

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

General

- The operator of this equipment must read and follow the descriptions in this manual. Wrong operation or maintenance can cancel the warranty or cause injury.
- Do not copy any part of this manual without written permission from FURUNO.
- If this manual is lost or worn, contact your dealer about replacement.
- The contents of this manual and equipment specifications can change without notice.
- The example screens (or illustrations) shown in this manual can be different from the screens you see on your display. The screens you see depend on your system configuration and equipment settings.
- Save this manual for future reference.
- Any modification of the equipment (including software) by persons not authorized by FURUNO will cancel the warranty.
- All brand and product names are trademarks, registered trademarks or service marks of their respective holders.

How to discard this product

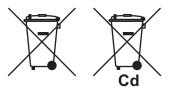
Discard this product according to local regulations for the disposal of industrial waste. For disposal in the USA, see the homepage of the Electronics Industries Alliance (http://www.eiae.org/) for the correct method of disposal.

How to discard a used battery

Some FURUNO products have a battery(ies). To see if your product has a battery(ies), see the chapter on Maintenance. Follow the instructions below if a battery(ies) is used.

In the European Union

The crossed-out trash can symbol indicates that all types of batteries must not be discarded in standard trash, or at a trash site. Take the used batteries to a battery collection site according to your national legislation and the Batteries Directive 2006/66/EU.



In the USA

The Mobius loop symbol (three chasing arrows) indicates that Ni-Cd and lead-acid rechargeable batteries must be recycled. Take the used batteries to a battery collection site according to local laws.





In the other countries

There are no international standards for the battery recycle symbol. The number of symbols can increase when the other countries make their own recycling symbols in the future.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING



Do not open the cover of the equipment.

This equipment uses high voltage electricity which can shock, burn or cause death. Only qualified personnel should work inside the equipment.

Do not dissasemble or modify the equipment.

Fire, electrical shock or serious injury can result.

Immediately turn off the power at the ship's mains switchboard if water or foreign object falls into the equipment or the equipment is emitting smoke or

Continued use of the equipment can cause fire, electrical shock or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION

Use the correct fuse.

Use of the wrong fuse can cause fire or equipment damage.

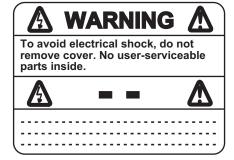
No single navigation aid (including this unit) should ever be relied upon as the exclusive means for navigating your vessel.

The navigator is responsible for checking all aids available to confirm his position. Electronic aids are intended to assist, not replace, the navigator.

Use of an autopilot with this unit, to provide automatic steering to destination, does not eliminate the need to maintain a watch.

Always maintains a vigilant watch to prevent collision or grounding.

WARNING Label attached



Name: Warning Label (1) Type: 86-003-1011-1 Code No.: 100-136-231

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FOREWORD

A Word to GP-150 Owners

Congratulations on your choice of the FURUNO GP-150 GPS Navigator. We are confident you will see why the FURUNO name has become synonymous with quality and reliability.

For over 60 years FURUNO Electric Company has enjoyed an enviable reputation for innovative and dependable marine electronics equipment. This dedication to excellence is furthered by our extensive global network of agents and dealers.

Your navigator is designed and constructed to meet the rigorous demands of the marine environment. However, no machine can perform its intended function unless operated and maintained properly. Please carefully read and follow the recommended procedures for operation and maintenance.

We would appreciate hearing from you, the end-user, about whether we are achieving our purposes.

Thank you for considering and purchasing FURUNO equipment.

Features

The GP-150 GPS Navigator is a totally integrated GPS receiver and video plotter consisting of a display unit and an antenna unit. The high sensitivity receiver tracks up to 12 satellites simultaneously. An 8-state Kalman filter ensure optimum accuracy in determination of vessel position, course and speed.

In most cases the operator needs to do is to turn on the power to find position.

The main features of the GP-150 are

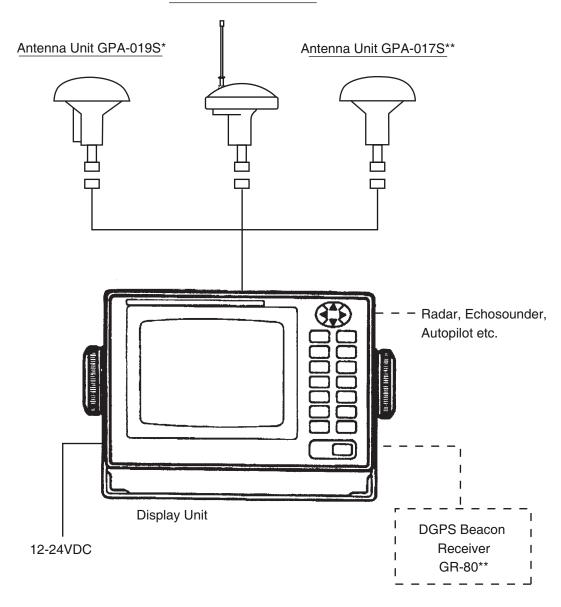
- Comprehensive navigation data displays
- Storage for 999 waypoints and 30 routes
- Alarms: Waypoint Arrival, Anchor Watch, Cross-track Error, Ship's Speed, Water Temperature, Depth and Trip
- Man overboard feature records latitude and longitude coordinates at time of man overboard and provides continuous updates of range and bearing to that point.
- DGPS capability with built-in DGPS beacon kit accepts DGPS correction data from external DGPS beacon receiver
- Menu-driven operation
- Bright 122 x 92 mm LCD with temperature compensated tone and brilliance adjustment
- Power consumption is a low 10 W.
- Provision for connection of autopilot (option) - steering data output to autopilot
- Digital display of water temperature and depth with connection of echo sounder (with NMEA input)
- Memory stores 2,000 points of track and marks
- "Highway" display provides perspective view
- Position may be shown in latitude and longitude or LOP (Loran or Decca).
- Four connectors for optional equipment two IEC 61162-1/NMEA 0183 I/O, one IEC 61162-1/NMEA 0183 (or log) output and one DGPS for personal computer I/O
- Fully meets the following regulation:
 IMO MSC. 112(73) and IEC 61108-1.

Program No.

2051518-01.xx (January, 2006)

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

Antenna Unit GPA-018S*



*: w/internal beacon receiver

**: w/o internal beacon receiver

CATEGORY OF UNITS

Unit	Category
ANTENNA UNIT	Exposed to weather
DISPLAY UNIT	Protected from weather

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1. OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW

1.1 Control Description

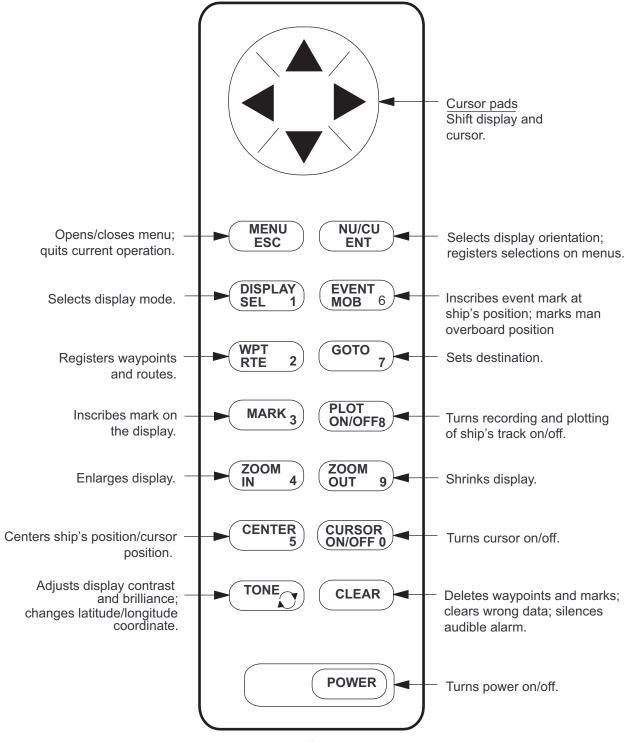


Figure 1-1 Control Panel

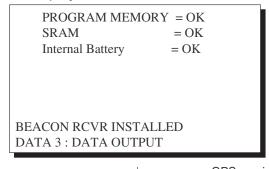
1.2 Turning On and Off the Power

The GP-150 takes about 90 seconds to find position when turned on for the very first time. Thereafter it takes about 12 seconds to find position each time the power is turned on.

Turning on the power

Press the **POWER** key.

The unit tests the PROGRAM MEMORY, SRAM and battery for proper operation and shows the results on the display. If equipped with the internal beacon receiver, "BEACON RCVR INSTALLED" appears at the bottom of the display. The unit starts up with the last used display mode.



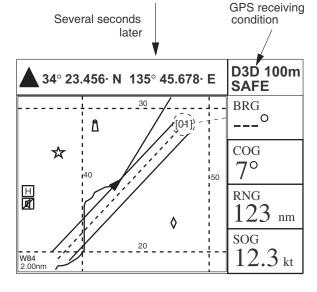


Figure 1-2 Appearance of display when turning on the power

When turning on the power the following occurs:

12 seconds after turning on the power, accurate position (in latitude and longitude) appears on the display.

If position could not be found, "NO FIX" blinks at the GPS receiving condition window. When PDOP (Position Dilution Of Precision) value exceeds 6 in the 3D mode or HDOP (Horizontal Dilution Of Precision) value exceeds 4 in the 2D mode, "DOP" blinks to indicate abnormal fixing and the position indication could not be updated.

When the satellite signal is being received normally, one of the indications shown in Table 1-1 appears depending on equipment setting and GPS receiver state.

Table 1-1 GPS receiver indication

Indication	Meaning
2D	2D
3D	3D
D2D	Differential 2D
D3D	Differential 3D
W2D	WAAS 2D
W3D	WAAS 3D

Note 1: When PDOP value exceeds 6 in the 3D mode, the position fixing method is automatically changed to 2D.

Note 2: The "DEMO" icon appears when the display is in the demonstration mode. To return to normal mode, turn off the power and turn it on while pressing and holding down the NU/CU ENT key.

Turning the power off

Press the **POWER** key.

The next time you turn on the power the unit starts up with the last used display mode.

1.3 Adjusting Display Contrast and Brilliance

1) Press the TONE key. The display shown in Figure 1-3 appears.

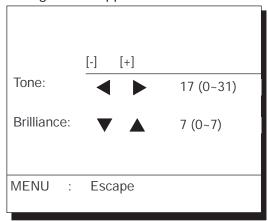
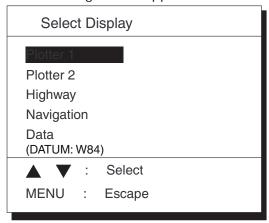


Figure 1-3 Screen for adjustment of display contrast and brilliance

- 2) To adjust contrast, press ◀ or ▶. Current setting and setting range (0-31) are shown to the right of "▶".
 To adjust brilliance, press ▲ or ▼.
 Current setting and setting range (0-7) are shown to the right of "▲".
- Note 1: Operate cursor keys within 10 seconds after pressing the TONE key. Otherwise, the screen for adjustment of contrast and brilliance will be cleared.
- Note 2: If the display is turned off with minimum tone the display will be blank at the next power up. When this occurs press the TONE key continuously to adjust tone.

1.4 Selecting the Display Mode

1) Press the DISPLAY SEL key. The display shown in Figure 1-4 appears.



* Shows currently selected geodetic chart datum.

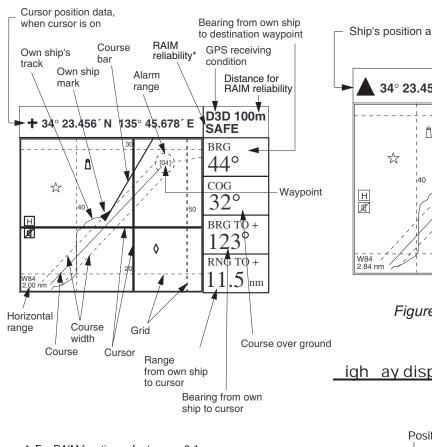
Figure 1-4 Screen for selection of display mode

2) Press the DISPLAY SEL key, ▲ or ▼ to select display mode. (When the DISPLAY SEL key is pressed, the display mode changes in sequence shown below.) Selected display mode appears.



Sample displays of each display mode are shown in the figures on the next several pages.

Plotter 1 display



*: For RAIM function, refer to page 8-1.

Figure 1-5 Plotter 1 display

Plotter 2 display

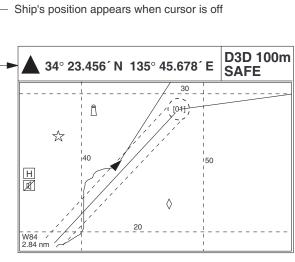


Figure 1-6 Plotter 2 display

Bearing from own ship to

igh ay display

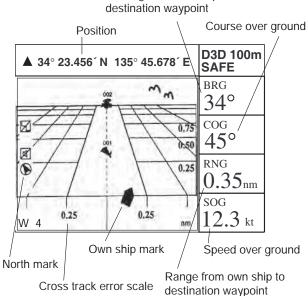
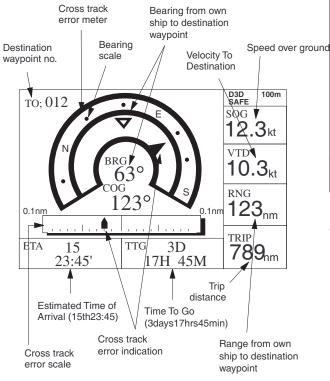


Figure 1-7 Highway display

Navigation display

1) No autopilot connection



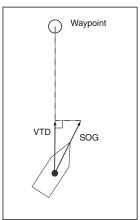


Figure 1-8 Navigation display, no autopilot connection

With autopilot connection, automatic mode

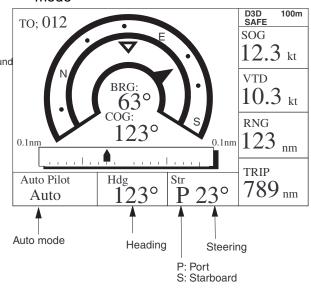


Figure 1-9 Navigation display, with autopilot connection, automatic mode

3) Autopilot connection, modes other than automatic mode (manual, nav, etc.)

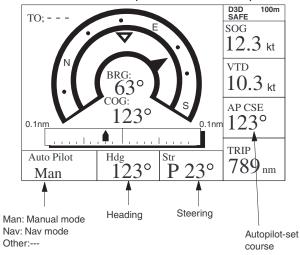


Figure 1-10 Navigation display, with autopilot connection, modes other than the automatic mode

Data display

Refer to Chapter for user-defined window setting. The OOM icon can be displayed by pressing the C SO ON O key.

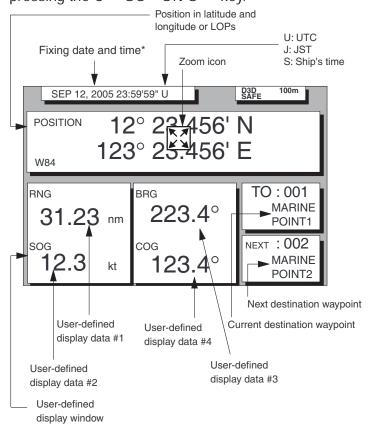


Figure 1-11 Data display mode

*: "- -" appears until calculating position after turning on the power. If fixing error occurs this indication stops.

1. Icons

arious icons appear on the left-hand side of display to alert you to equipment status.

: position offset applied.

H: Track recording is suspended.

: Alarm is violated.

North mark.

Ro: Demonstration display.

2. T AC

2.1 Enlarging Shrin ing the Display

ou may enlarge and shrink the display on the Plotter 1, Plotter 2 and Highway displays, with the OOM IN and OOM O T keys. The hori ontal range is available among 0.2 , 0. , 1, 2, 4, , 1 , 32, 4, 12 and 1 2 nautical miles for Plotter 1 and Highway, and 0.3 , 0.71, 1.42, 2. 4, . , 11.3 , 22.7 , 4 . 1, 1.02, 1 2.04, 273.07 nautical miles for Plotter 2 display.

The OOM IN key enlarges the display and the OOM O T key shrinks it. Each time a oom key is pressed the display range appears at the center of the display for about one seconds.

2.2 Selecting Display Orientation

Display orientation can be selected on the Plotter 1 and Plotter 2 displays, with the N C ENT key. Two display orientations are available: north-up and course-up.

North-up display

In the north-up display, true north (0) is at the top of the display. Own ship moves on the display in accordance with true motion. and is stationary.

Course-up display

Destination set

The destination is at the top of the display and the north mark (((a)) appears at the left side of the display.

Destination not set

Ship's course is upward on the screen at the moment the course-up mode is selected. The north mark appears at the left side of the display.

2.3 Shi ting the Cursor

The cursor can be shifted with the cursor pads.

- 1) Press the C SO ON O key to turn on the cursor.
- 2) Press the cursor pads.

The cursor moves in the direction of the cursor pads pressed. When the cursor reaches the edge of the display, the display shifts in the direction opposite.

Data and cursor state

Cursor state determines what data are shown on the display.

Cursor turned on cursor data

Cursor position is displayed in latitude and longitude or OPs (depending on menu setting) at the top of the display. The range and bearing from own ship to the cursor appear at the right hand side of the display, when in the Plotter 1 display.

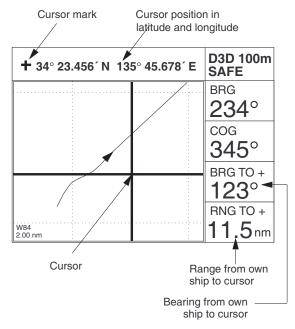


Figure 2-1 Data displayed when the cursor is turned on

Cursor turned o

Ship s position (in latitude and longitude or OPs), speed and course appear on the display.

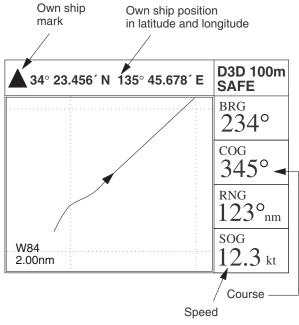


Figure 2-2 Data display when the cursor is turned off

2.4 Shi ting the Display

The display can be shifted on the Plotter 1 and Plotter 2 displays, with the C SO ON O key. When own ship tracks off the display it is automatically returned to the screen center.

- 1) Press the C SO ON O key to turn off the cursor.
- Press the cursor pads. The display shifts in the direction of the cursor pads pressed.

Centering Cursor Position

- 1) Press the C SO ON O key to turn on the cursor.
- 2) Press the cursor pad to position the cursor.
- 3) Press the CENTE key.

Centering O n Ship s Position

- 1) Press the C SO ON O key to turn off the cursor.
- 2) Press the CENTE key.

Note: When own ship s position reaches an edge of the screen, the display moves to set own ship s position center of the display.

Stopping Starting Plotting and ecording Trac

The P-1 0 stores 2,000 points of track and marks. When the memory becomes full the oldest track is erased to make room for the latest.

Procedure

Press the PLOT ON O key to start stop recording and plotting of track.

hen plotting is resu ed

"Resuming track plot" appears at the center of the display for about three seconds.

hen plotting is stopped

"Stopping track plot" appears at the center of the display for about three seconds and "H" appears at the left side of the display. ("H" does not appear on the Navigation and Data displays.)

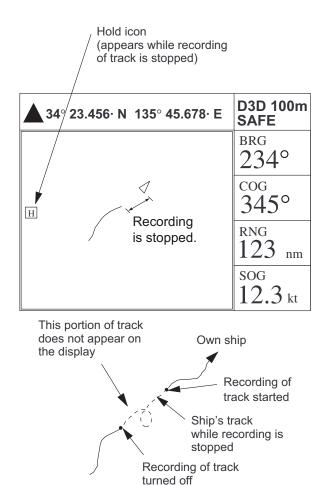


Figure 2-3 Track not plotted or recorded when plotting is stopped

2.8 Erasing Track

The track stored in the memory and displayed on the screen can be erased.

CAUTION

Track cannot be restored once erased. Be absolutely sure you want to erase all track.

 Press the **MENU ESC** key. The MAIN MENU appears.

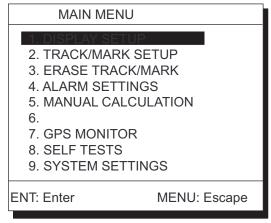


Figure 2-4 MAIN MENU

2) Press 3 to select ERASE TRACK/MARK.

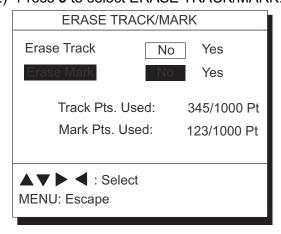


Figure 2-5 ERASE TRACK/MARK menu

- 3) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Erase Track.
- 4) Press ▶ to select Yes. The message shown in Figure 2-6 appears.

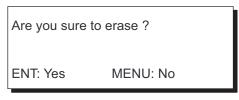


Figure 2-6 Prompt for erasure of track

5) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

2.9 Selecting Track Plotting Interval

The plotting interval determines both how the track will be reconstructed on the display and track storage time. A shorter interval provides more accurate reconstruction of track line, however total storage time is reduced. The plotting interval can be selected by time or distance. Plotting by distance offers the advantage that the track is not stored when the vessel is anchored.

Plotting interval by time

The setting range for plotting by time is 00 to 60 minutes.

- 1) Press the **MENU ESC** key.
- 2) Press **2** to display the TRACK/MARK SETUP menu.

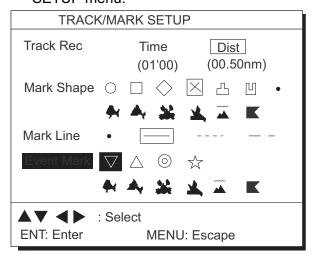


Figure 2-7 TRACK/MARK SETUP menu

- 3) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Track Rec.
- 4) Press ◀ to select Time.
- Enter plotting interval in four digits. To enter 30 seconds, for example, press 0, 0, 3, 0.
- 6) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.
- 7) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

Plotting interval by distance

The setting range for plotting by distance is 0.00 to 99.99 nautical miles. To plot all track, enter 00.00.

- 1) Press the **MENU ESC** key.
- Press 2 to display the TRACK/MARK SETUP menu.
- 3) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Track Rec.
- 4) Press ▶ to select Distance.
- Enter plotting interval. To enter 0.1 nautical miles, for example, press 0, 0, 0,
 1.
- 6) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 7) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

2.10 Apportioning the Memory

The memory holds 2,000 points of track and marks and may be apportioned as you like. The default memory setting stores 1,000 points each of track and marks.

CAUTION

All data are erased whenever the memory apportion setting is changed, even when the previous value is re-entered.

To store 1,500 points of track and 500 marks, for example, do the following:

- 1) Press the MENU ESC key.
- 2) Press **9** to display the SYSTEM SETTINGS menu.

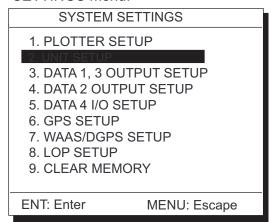


Figure 2-8 SYSTEM SETTNGS menu

Press 1 to display the PLOTTER SETUP menu.

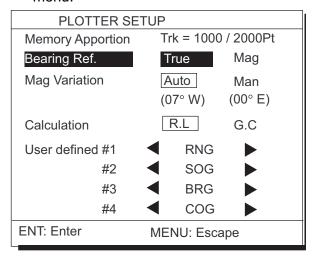


Figure 2-9 PLOTTER SETUP menu

- 4) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Memory Apportion.
- 5) Enter amount of track to store, in four digits. To store 1,500 track points, for example, press **1**, **5**, **0**, **0**.
- Press the NU/CU ENT key, ▲ or ▼. You are asked if it is all right to erase all data.

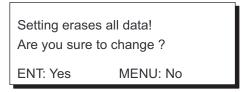


Figure 2-10

- 7) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 8) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

2.11 Selecting Bearing Reference

Ship's course and bearing to waypoint may be displayed in true or magnetic bearing. Magnetic bearing is true bearing plus (or minus) earth's magnetic deviation.

Displaying true or magnetic bearing

The default setting displays true bearings.

- 1) Press the **MENU ESC** key.
- 2) Press **9** to display the SYSTEM SETTINGS menu.
- Press 1 to display the PLOTTER SETUP menu.
- 4) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Bearing Ref.
- 5) Press ◀ or ▶ to select True or Mag.
- 6) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key, ▲ or ▼.
- 7) Press the MENU ESC key.

Entering magnetic variation

The location of the magnetic north pole is different from the geographical north pole. This causes a difference between the true and magnetic north direction. This difference is called magnetic variation, and varies with respect to the observation point on the earth. Magnetic variation may be entered automatically or manually.

- 1) Press the MENU ESC key.
- Press 9 to display the SYSTEM SETTINGS menu.
- Press 1 to display the PLOTTER SETUP menu.
- 4) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Mag Variation.
- Press ◀ or ▶ to select Auto or Man. For automatic, current variation appears in parentheses.
- For manual entry, enter variation in two digits, referring to a nautical chart (00-99°).
 If the variation is 10°, for example, press 1,
 0
- If necessary, press the O key to change coordinate from east to west or vice versa.
- 8) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 9) Press the MENU ESC key.

3. MARKS

3.1 Entering/Erasing Marks

Marks can be inscribed on the Plotter 1 and Plotter 2 displays. You may inscribe a mark anywhere, in one of 13 shapes. Further, marks can be connected with lines.

Note 1: When the mark memory becomes full no marks can be entered. When this occurs, the buzzer sounds and the message shown below appears on the display for three seconds to alert you. To enter a mark when the mark memory is full, erase unnecessary marks.



Figure 3-1

Entering marks

At own ship position

- Press the CURSOR ON/OFF key to turn off the cursor.
- 2) Press the **MARK** key.

At cursor intersection

- 1) Press the **CURSOR ON/OFF** key to turn on the cursor.
- Operate the cursor keys to place the cursor on the location for the mark.
 Select a mark shape you want. Refer to section 3.2.
- 3) Press the MARK key.

Erasing marks

CAUTION

All marks, including event marks and the MOB mark, are erased on the ERASE MARK menu. Be absolutely sure you want to erase all marks; erased marks cannot be restored.

Erasing individual marks

- 1) Place cursor on the mark to erase.
- 2) Press the CLEAR key.

Erasing all marks

1) Press **MENU ESC** and **3** to display the ERASE TRACK/MARK menu.

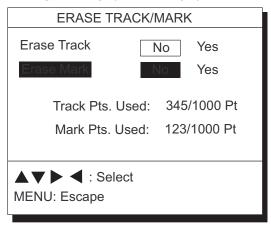


Figure 3-2 ERASE TRACK/MARK menu

- Press ▲ or ▼ to select Erase Mark.
- 3) Press ▶ to select YES.

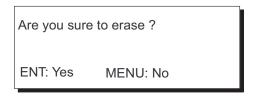


Figure 3-3

- 4) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

3.2 Selecting Mark Shape

13 mark shapes are available. Select mark shape as follows:

1) Press **MENU ESC** and **2** to display the TRACK/MARK SETUP menu.

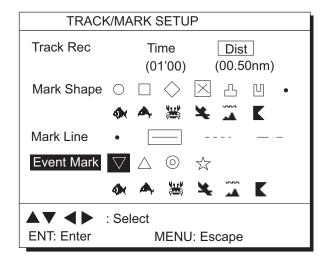


Figure 3-4 TRACK/MARK SETUP menu

- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Mark Shape.
- Press ◀ to ▶ select mark shape desired.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

The next mark entered will be inscribed in the shape selected here.

3.3 Connecting Marks (selecting mark connection line)

Marks can be connected with lines. Three types of connection lines are available and the "•" setting disables connection of lines.

- 1) Press MENU ESC and 2.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Mark Line.
- 3) Press ◀ to ▶ to select mark line desired other than "•".
- 4) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

3.4 Entering Event Marks

Event marks can denote any important present position. Event marks can be saved as ordinary marks and the unit automatically numbers them from 01 to 99.

Note 1: When the mark memory becomes full no event marks can be entered.

When this occurs, the buzzer sounds and the message shown below appears on the display for three seconds to alert you. To enter an event mark when the mark memory is full, erase unnecessary event marks.

Can't save event Memory full

Figure 3-5

Entering event marks

 Press the EVENT MOB key less than three seconds. The position at the exact moment the key is pressed is saved as an event position.

Saved event position 34° 40.123' N

135° 21.123' E

Figure 3-6

To erase event marks, see "3.1 Entering/Erasing Marks".

3.5 Selecting Event Mark Shape

Event marks are available in 10 shapes. Select event mark shape as follows.

- 1) Press **MENU ESC** and **2** to display the TRACK/MARK SETUP menu.
- Press ▲ or ▼ to select Event Mark.
- Press ◀ or ▶ to select event mark shape desired.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the MENU ESC key.

The next event mark entered will be inscribed in the shape selected here.

3.6 Entering the MOB Mark

The M mark denotes man overboard position. To mark man overboard position press the **EVENT MOB** key more than three seconds. hen the key is pressed the position at the exact moment the key is pressed automatically becomes the destination. urther the Plotter display replaces the display in use when it is other than a plotter display.

nly one M mark may be entered and each time the M mark is entered the previous M mark and its position data are written over.

 Press the EVENT MOB key for at least three seconds.

The M mark "M") is entered at the M position and the message shown in igure 3 appears.

Saved MOB position
Are you sure to change course
to MOB position?
ENT: Yes MENU: No

Figure 3-7

 Press the **NU/CU ENT** key. f the display in use is ighway avigation or ata they are automatically replaced by the Plotter display.

Note: ou may cancel M position as destination by pressing the MENU ESC key instead of the NU/CU ENT key at step 2. ote that the M mark remains on the display.

Erasing MOB mark

To erase a M mark you must first cancel it as a T waypoint and then erase all marks.

- 1) Press the GOTO key.
- 2) Press the 5 key to choose Cancel.
- ou are prompted to release T press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 4) Press the **MENU ESC** and **3** to display the ERASE TRACK/MARK menu.
- 5) Press ▼ to choose Erase Mark.
-) Press > to choose es.
-) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

4. NAVIGATION PLANNING

4.1 Registering Waypoints

In navigation terminology a waypoint is a particular location on a voyage whether it be a starting, intermediate or destination waypoint.

The GP-150 can store 999 waypoints, numbered from 001-999. Waypoints can be registered four ways:

- by cursor
- by MOB position or event position
- at own ship's position
- by range and bearing from position, and
- through the waypoint list.

Registering waypoints by the cursor

 Press the WPT RTE key. The Waypoint/Route menu appears.

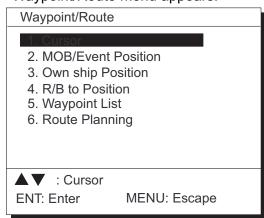


Figure 4-1 Waypoint/Route menu

Press 1 to select Cursor. The following display appears.

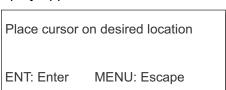


Figure 4-2

The display changes to Plotter 2 when the Highway, Navigation or Data mode is in use.

- Press the cursor pad to place the cursor on the location desired for the waypoint.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

A window similar to the one shown in Figure 4-3 appears. The waypoint's position and date and time registered appear on the first and second lines. Waypoints are automatically given the youngest empty waypoint number and this number appears on the third line. You may, however, assign a different number. If the waypoint shares the same position with a mark, the mark's position and date and time entered are registered as waypoint data.

If the waypoint memory is full, the waypoint number line in the window is blank. In this case waypoints cannot be entered unless a waypoint is written over or deleted.

To assign waypoint number, go to step 5. If you do not want to change the waypoint number, go to step 6 to select mark shape and enter comment.

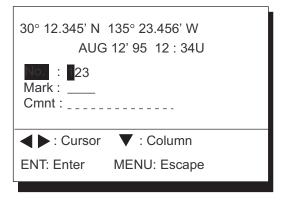


Figure 4-3

5) Enter waypoint number, in three digits (001-999).

6) Press ▼ to select waypoint mark shape. The following display appears.



Figure 4-4 Screen for selecting waypoint mark shape

- 7) Press ◀ or ▶ to select mark shape.
- 8) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key. The display shown in Figure 4-5 appears.

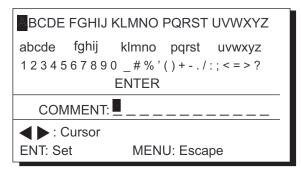


Figure 4-5 Screen for entry of comment for waypoint

- You may enter a comment, as shown in the procedure which follows, or skip to step 10 to finish. The comment may consist of up to 12 alphanumeric characters.
 - 1 Press the cursor keys to select alphanumeric character.
 - Press the NU/CU ENT key. Selected character appears on the COMMENT line.
 - · To create a space, select " ".
 - Numeric data can be input directly by pressing numeric keys.
 - To clear wrong data, press the CLEAR key.
 - Repeat steps 1 and 2 to complete the comment.
 - Select ENTER and press the NU/CU ENT key.

10) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key. Control is returned to the last used display mode.

When the waypoint number entered at step 5 already exists, the message shown in Figure 4-4 appears if the waypoint is part of the current destination or route or is part of a route. If it is alright to write over the waypoint and its data, press the **NU/CU ENT** key. To change waypoint number, press the **MENU ESC** key.

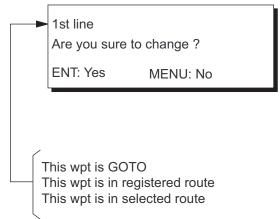


Figure 4-6

Note: If you fail to enter waypoint number, "Enter waypoint number" appears on the display for three seconds.

Registering waypoints by MOB position/event position

The MOB position or an event position can be registered as a waypoint. Event marks are numbered from 01 to 99; 01 is the latest event mark.

Note: You cannot register a MOB position or event position when there are no MOB positions or event positions saved. The buzzer sounds and the message shown in Figure 4-7 appears for three seconds to alert you.



Figure 4-7

- 1) Press the WPT/RTE key.
- 2) Press **2** to select MOB/Event Position. The display shown in Figure 4-8 appears.

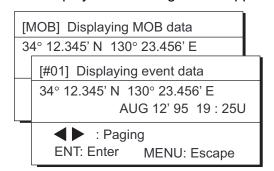


Figure 4-8

- Press ◀ or ▶ to display the MOB position or event position to register as a waypoint.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Follow steps 5 through 11 in "Registering waypoints by the cursor" on page 4-1.

Registering waypoints by own ship's position

Note: When there is no position data, you cannot register a waypoint at own ship's position. The buzzer sounds and the following message appears.



Figure 4-9

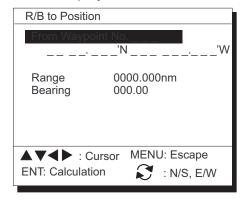
- 1) Press the WPT/RTE key.
- 2) Press 3 to select Own Ship Position.
- 3) Follow steps 5 through 11 in "Registering waypoints by the cursor" on page 4-1.

Registering waypoints using range and bearing from a position

This method is useful for entering a waypoint using range and bearing from a pre-registered waypoint.

Range and bearing to a position are calculated according to the sailing method (rhumb line or great circle) chosen on the PLOTTER SETUP menu. You may choose the unit of range on the UNIT SETUP menu.

- 1) Press the WPT/RTE key.
- Press the 4 key to display the R/B to Position display.

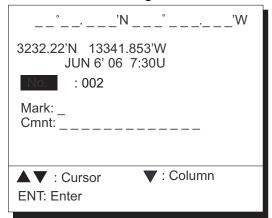


R/B Position Display

3) Enter waypoint (000-999) from which to reference range and bearing. (000 is own ship position.)

Note: Alternatively, you may enter position, leaving the waypoint number blank.

- 4) Enter range and bearing you wish to use to calculate position of new waypoint.
- 5) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key. The display now looks something like the one below.



- 6) If necessary, change waypoint number and add a comment. For how to enter a comment see page 4-2.
- 7) Press the CU/NU ENT key to finish.

Note: If waypoint number entered at step 6) is an existing number, a part of a registered route, a part of a currently selected route, or a GOTO waypoint, a prompt asks if it is OK to write over the waypoint. Follow the instructions in the prompt to write over the mark number or escape.

Registering waypoints through the waypoint list

- 1) Press the WPT/RTE key.
- 2) Press 5_to display the waypoint list.
- 3) Press to select position format; latitude and longitude or LOP.

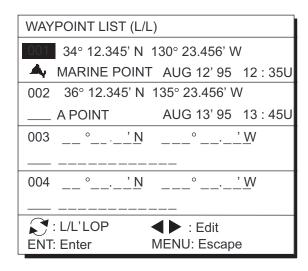


Figure 4-10

- Press ▲ or ▼ to select unused waypoint number.
- 5) Press ◀ or ▶ to enter position. The display should now look something like Figure 4-11.

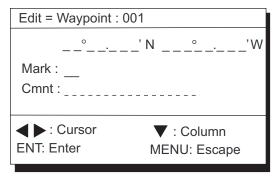


Figure 4-11

 Enter latitude and longitude. To enter 34° 12.345' N 135° 23.456' E, for example, press;

press; ([2]) 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4. 5 ([2]) 1, 3, 5, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 To change N to S or E to W, press 2.

- 7) Press ▼.
- 8) Press ◀ or ▶ to select mark.
- 9) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 10) Enter comment.
- 11) Press the NU/CU ENT key twice. The waypoint list reappears. Waypoint position and date and time the waypoint was entered appear on the list.
- 12) To enter another waypoint through the waypoint list, return to step 4.
- 13) Press the **MENU ESC** key to finish.

4.2 Editing Waypoints

- 1) Press WPT RTE and 5.
- Press ▲ or ▼ to select waypoint to edit.
- 3) Press ▶.
- 4) Edit the contents of the waypoint.
- 5) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key. The message shown in figure 4 12 appears if the waypoint is currently selected as destination is part of a route or is in the route currently selected as destination.

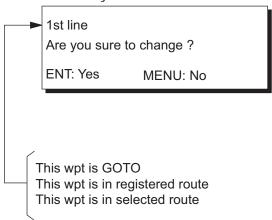


Figure 4-12

-) Press the NU/CU ENT key. The waypoint and its data are deleted. Enter new data referring to "4.1 Registering aypoints".
-) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

4.3 Deleting Waypoints

Deleting waypoints by the cursor

- Place the cursor on the waypoint to delete.
- 2) Press the **CLEAR** key.

Deleting waypoints through the waypoint list

- 1) Press WPT RTE and 5.
- Press ▲ or ▼ to select waypoint to delete.
- 3) Press the CLEAR key. The message shown in igure 4 13 appears if the waypoint is currently selected as destination is part of a route or is in the route currently selected as destination.

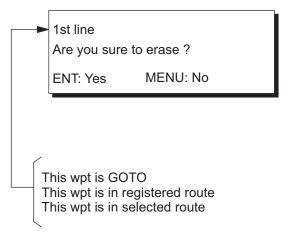


Figure 4-13

Note: All waypoint marks as well as all other marks) and their data can be cleared collectively by clearing the Plotter memory. or further details see page 1.

4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

Note: To cancel erasure press the **MENU ESC** key instead of the **NU/CU ENT**key. The waypoint list appears.

5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

4.4 Registering Routes

Often a trip from one place to another involves several course changes, requiring a series of route points which you navigate to, one after another. The sequence of waypoints leading to the ultimate destination is called a route. The GP-150 can automatically advance to the next waypoint on a route, so you do not have to change the destination waypoint repeatedly. The GP-150 can store 30 routes and each

route may contain up to 30 waypoints. Routes can be registered while in the Plotter 1 or Plotter 2 display mode.

Registering routes

- 1) Press the WPT/RTE key.
- 2) Press **6** to select Route Planning. The route list appears.

		ROL	JTE LIS	Т	
No.	PTS	Total	Dist.	TTG	Remarks
01	30	1234 .	56 nm	12D15H2	28M UseFwd
02	25	234	. 56 nm	2D08H3	35M
03	30	*999	. 99 nm	*9D*9H*	9M
04			nm	D_H	M
05	30	6543 .	21 nm	34D23H	45M
06			nm	D_H	M
A 1	7 : F	Route N	lo. ◀	: Edit	:
ENT	: Ent	er	MI	ENU: Esc	ape

Remarks

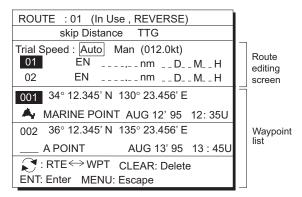
Use: In use

Fwd: Traverse waypoints in forward order Rvs: Traverse waypoints in reverse order

Figure 4-14 Route list

- 3) Press ▲ or ▼ to select route number.
- 4) Press ►.

The route planning/waypoint list window appear as shown in Figure 4-15. The waypoint list window lists the position and data for each registered waypoint. No position or data appears for empty waypoints.



Use: In use

Fwd: Traverse waypoints in forward order Rvs: Traverse waypoints in reverse order

Figure 4-15 Route editing screen

- 5) If required, press ▲ to enter the speed by which to calculate time-to-go.
- 6) Press ◀ or ▶ to select Auto or Man.

Auto: Current average speed is used to calculate the time-to-go.

Manual: Entered speed is used to calculate the time-to-go. Enter speed and press ▼.

Route waypoints may be registered two ways: entering waypoint number directly or through the route editing screen. Follow or below.

1 Entering waypoint number directly

- 7) Enter waypoint number, in three digits. The cursor shifts to the "Skip" window. The procedure for skipping a waypoint is shown on page 5-5. For now, go to the next step.
- 8) Press ▼ to continue. If the waypoint entered in step 7 does not exist, you are informed that the waypoint does not exist and entry is cancelled.
- 9) Enter other route waypoints by repeating steps 7 and 8.
- 10) Press **MENU ESC** to finish.

2 Using previously registered waypoints

Enter waypoints in the order they will be traversed not by waypoint number order.

-) Press . The reverse video on the waypoint on route planning screen disappears.
-) Press ▲ or ▼ to select waypoint number.
-) Press the NU/CU ENT key. Selected waypoint number appears on the route editing screen. The distance and time to go indications to the first waypoint entered are blank.
- 1)To enter other route waypoints repeat steps and .
- 11) Press the **MENU ESC** key to finish.

Note: To return to the route editing screen press .

4.5 Deleting Route Waypoints

- Press WPT RTE and 6 to display the route list.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select route.
- 3) Press ▶ to display route editing screen.
- 4) Select the waypoint to delete.
- 5) Press the CLEAR key.
-) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.
-) Repeat steps 4 through to continue deleting waypoints.
-) Press the **MENU ESC** key. The route is rearranged to reflect the change.

4.6 Replacing Route Waypoints

- 1) Press PT **RTE** and **6** to display the route list.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select route.
- 3) Press ▶ to display route editing screen.
- 4) n the route editing screen place the cursor on waypoint number to replace.
- 5) Enter new waypoint number.
-) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key. The message shown in igure 4 1 appears.

This waypoint already exists Are you sure to change?

ENT: Yes MENU: No

Figure 4-16

Note: hen the waypoint number entered at step 5 is not registered the message

This waypoint not registered. Copy original data to this o. appears.

Press NU/CU ENT key to copy the position data.

-) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
-) Press the **MENU ESC** key twice.

4.7 Deleting Routes

- 1) Press **WPT RTE** and **6** to display the route list.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select route to delete.
- 3) Press the **CLEAR** key. The display shown in Figure 4-17 appears if the route is in use.

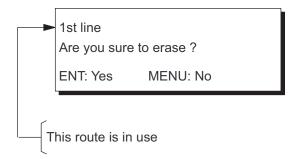


Figure 4-17

- 4) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

5. STARTING FOR DESTINATION

5.1 Setting Destination

There are four ways by which you can set destination:

- By cursor
- By MOB position or event position
- · By waypoint, and
- By route.

Note: Previous destination is cancelled whenever a destination is set.

Setting destination by cursor

Using the cursor you may set a destination consisting of 30 points. When all 30 points are entered, the GP-150 automatically disables further entry.

Setting single destination

1) Press the **GOTO** key. The menu shown in Figure 5-2 appears.

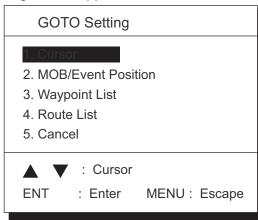


Figure 5-2 GOTO setting menu

2) Press **1** to select Cursor. The display shown in Figure 5-3 appears.

Place cursor on desired location
Press ENT twice to finish
ENT:Enter CLR:Clear MENU:Escape

Figure 5-3

If the display in use is Highway, Navigation or Data display, the Plotter 2 display is automatically selected.

- 3) Place the cursor on the location desired for destination.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

Note: To clear selection, press the **CLEAR** key.

5) Press the NU/CU ENT key to finish. Control is returned to the display mode in use before you set destination. A dashed line connects own ship and the destination, which is marked with a flag, as shown in Figure 5-4.

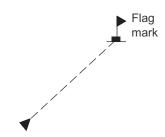


Figure 5-4 Single destination set by cursor

Setting multiple destinations

- 1) Press GOTO and 1.
- 2) Place the cursor on the location desired for waypoint.
- 3) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 4) Repeat steps 2 and 3 to enter other points. Waypoints are connected with a line.
- 5) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key to finish. The route number entry display appears as shown in Figure 5-5. If no route number appears or you want to change the route number shown, go to step 6 to enter route number. To register the route under the number shown, go to step 8.

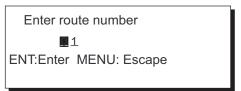


Figure 5-5

- 6) Key in route number.
- Press the NU/CU ENT key. Waypoints are marked with flags and are connected with a dashed line.

If the route number entered already exists the message shown in Figure 5-6 appears.

Overwriting ? ENT:Yes MENU:No

Figure 5-6

- 8) Press the NU/CU ENT key. The waypoints do not have waypoint numbers, however you can attach waypoint numbers by doing the following.
- 1 Press **WPT RTE** and **6** to display the route list.
- ② Press ▲ or ▼ to select route number entered.
- ③ Press ▶.
- Enter waypoint number, in three digits.
- ⑤ Press ▼. If the waypoint number already exists the message shown in Figure 5-7 appears.

This waypoint already exists
Are you sure to change?
ENT:Yes MENU:No

Figure 5-7

6 Press the NU/CU ENT key. The waypoint entered here replaces previously entered waypoint.

Note: To cancel replacement of waypoint, press the **MENU ESC** key at step 6.

- Repeat steps 4 and 5 to enter other waypoint numbers.
- ® Press the MENU ESC key twice to finish.

When destination is cancelled, dashed lines are erased but flags remain on the screen.

Setting destination by MOB position or event position

Note: This operation cannot be performed when there is no MOB position or event position. The buzzer sounds and the message shown in Figure 5-8 appears to alert you when there is no MOB position or event position.

No MOB/event data in memory

Figure 5-8

- 1) Press the GOTO key.
- Press 2 to select MOB/Event Position.
 The display shown in Figure 5-9 appears.

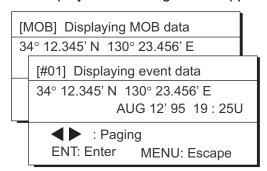


Figure 5-9

- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select MOB position or event position. The MOB position appears first. To select event position, press ▶. If selected position is within the current display range, the cursor marks the position. (The cursor does not appear on the Highway, Navigation and Data displays.)
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key. A flag appears at position selected if it is within the current display range. A dashed line connects between own ship and MOB position or event position.

When destination is cancelled, dashed lines are erased but flags remain on the screen.

Setting destination through waypoint list

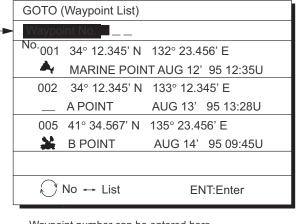
Note: A waypoint must exist to set it as destination. When a waypoint does not exist, the buzzer sounds and the message shown in Figure 5-10 appears.



Figure 5-10

Destination waypoint can be set through the waypoint list two ways:

- By entering waypoint number, and
- By selecting waypoint by cursor
- 1) Press the GOTO key.
- 2) Press 3 to display the Waypoint List.



Waypoint number can be entered here when this line appears in reverse video.

Figure 5-11 Waypoint list

Set destination by following \bigcirc or \bigcirc on the next page.

1 Setting destination by waypoint no.

- Enter waypoint number, in three digits.
 You can clear entry by pressing the CLEAR key.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

Own ship position becomes starting point and a dashed line runs between it and the waypoint selected.

2 Setting destination by selecting wpt.

- 3) Press . Each press of the key alternately enables manual entry of waypoint number and selection of waypoint number by cursor (through the waypoint window).
- 4) Press ▲ or ▼ to select waypoint.
- 5) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.

Own ship position becomes starting point and a dashed line runs between it and the waypoint selected.

Setting route as destination

Note: Route entered must exist to set it as destination. The buzzer sounds and the message shown in Figure 5-12 appears if you set enter a route which does not exist.



Figure 5-12

A route to set as destination may selected through the route list two ways:

- By entering route number, and
- By selecting route.
- 1) Press the **GOTO** key.
- 2) Press **4** to display the Route List. Then, follow ① or ② in the adjacent column.

Route number can be entered here when this line appears in reverse video.

GOTO (Route List)			Route List)	◀ FORWARD ▶	
-	Route No.				
	No.	PTS	TOTAL	TTG	
	01	30	1234. 56nm	12D15H28M	
	02	25	234. 56nm	2D08H35M	
	05	8	57. 89nm	0D10H28M	
	06	30	*999. 99nm	*9D*9H*9M	
	10	30	6543. 21nm	34D23H45M	
	∵: No. ↔ List				
	ENT:Enter			MENU:Escape	

Figure 5-13 Route list

1 By entering route number

- Press ◀ or ▶ to select direction which to traverse the route waypoints; forward or reverse.
- 4) Enter route number.
- 5) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

Current position becomes starting point. A solid line connects between the starting point and first route waypoint and a dashed line connects all other route waypoints.

② By selecting a route

- 3) Press . Each press of the key alternately enables manual entry of route number and selection of route number (through the route window)
- 4) Press ▲ or ▼ to select route.
- 5) Press ◀ or ▶ to select direction in which to traverse the route waypoints; forward or reverse.
- 6) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

Current position becomes starting point. A solid line connects between the starting point and first route waypoint and a dashed line connects all other route waypoints.

Skipping route waypoints

You may skip route waypoints by displaying "DI" (DIsable) next to the route waypoint in the route list. Using Figure 5-14 as an example, your ship is currently heading toward waypoint 04 but is to switch course and head to waypoint 03. In this case you would want to skip waypoint 04.

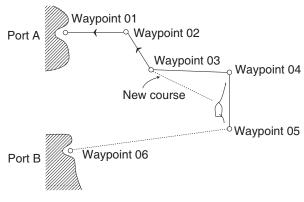


Figure 5-14

 Press WPT RTE and 6 to display the route list. Press the cursor keys to select route.

"EN" indicates waypoint is enabled. Display "DI" to skip waypoint.

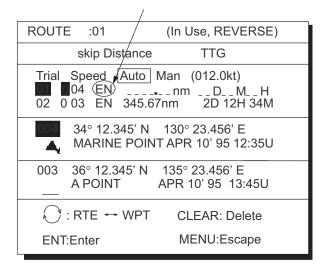


Figure 5-15 Route list

- Press ▲ or ▼ to select route waypoint to skip.
- Press ◀ or ▶ to shift the cursor to the right of the waypoint number.
- Press to change "EN"(ENable) to "DI"(DIsable).
- 5) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

To reselect the waypoint, select it on the route list and press to change "DI" to "EN".

5.2 Canceling Destination

- 1) Press the GOTO key.
- 2) Press **5** to select Cancel. The message shown in Figure 5-16 appears.



Figure 5-16

3) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.

5.3 Erasing Route Waypoints (flags)

- 1) Place the cursor on the flag to erase.
- 2) Press the CLEAR key. The message shown in Figure 5-17 appears if the waypoint is currently selected as destination, is part of a registered route, or is part of the route currently being navigated.

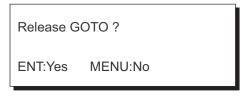


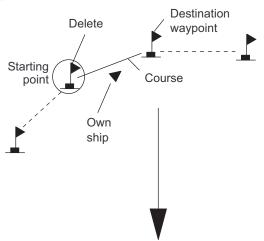
Figure 5-17

3) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.

Note: Flags can be erased collectively by clearing the Plotter memory or both the Plotter memory and GPS memory. See page 9-1 for further details.

When flags are erased

When the origin waypoint is erased the waypoint before it becomes the origin waypoint. If there is no waypoint before the origin waypoint, current position becomes the origin waypoint.



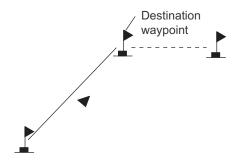


Figure 5-18 Route rearranged after erasing flag

When a destination is erased, the waypoint which follows it becomes the destination. If there is no waypoint after the destination waypoint erased, route navigation is cancelled.

5.4 Finding Range and Bearing Between Two Points

Selecting Course Sailing Method

The range and bearing to a destination are calculated by two ways: Great Circle or Rhumb Line. However, cross track error is calculated by rhumb line only.

Great Circle: The great circle courseline is the shortest course between two points on the surface of the earth. (Imagine stretching a piece of yarn between two points on the earth.) However, this course requires frequent change of heading to follow course faithfully.

Rhumb Line: The rhumb line courseline is the straight line drawn between two points on a nautical chart. This course does not require frequent changes of heading however it is not the shortest since it follows the earth's curvature.

 Press MENU ESC, 9 and 1 to display the PLOTTER SETUP menu.

PLOTTER SETUP				
Memory Apportion	Trk = 1000 / 2000Pt			
Bearing Ref.	True Mag			
Mag Variation	Auto Man (07° W) (00° E)			
Calculation	R.L G.C			
User defined #1	◀ sog ▶			
#2	⋖ cog ▶			
#3	◀ RNG ▶			
#4	◀ BRG ▶			
ENT:Enter	MENU:Escape			

Figure 5-19 PLOTTER SETUP menu

- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to selection Calculation.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select R.L (Rhumb Line) or G.C (Great Circle).
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

Calculation Procedure

You can find the range and bearing between two points by two waypoints or two latitude and longitude positions.

1) Press **MENU ESC** and **5**. The MANUAL CALCULATION menu appears.

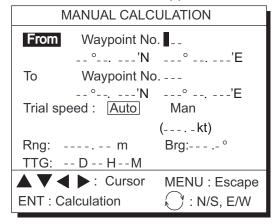


Figure 5-20 MANUAL CALCULATION menu

Choose two points by one of the methods below.

Latitude and longitude positions

- 1) Press ▼.
- If necessary press to switch from North latitude and to South latitude vice versa.
- 3) Key in latitude.
- If necessary press to switch from West longitude to East longitude and vice versa.
- 5) Key in longitude.
- 6) Press ▼.
- 7) Repeat 2-5 to enter other point.

Waypoints

- 1) Key in first waypoint number (001-999). (000 is reserved for own ship position.)
- 2) Press ▼ twice.
- 3) Key in other waypoint number (001-999). (Continued on next page)

5. STARTING FOR DESTINATION

- 4) Press ▼ to shift the cursor to the Trial Speed line.
- 5) Press ◀ or ▶ to select Auto or Man. Auto uses ship's average speed to calculate time-to-go.
- 6) If you selected Man, enter speed.
- 7) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.

The range, bearing and time-to-go between two points appear on the display. If data entered is wrong or insufficient the buzzer sounds and the message "INCOMPLETE DATA" appears. If the data contains error, and all nines appear as the calculation results.

8) Press the MENU ESC key.

. SETTIN P A IO S DISPLAYS

.1 Selecting Data to Display on the Data Display

The user may select what data to display in four locations on the data display.

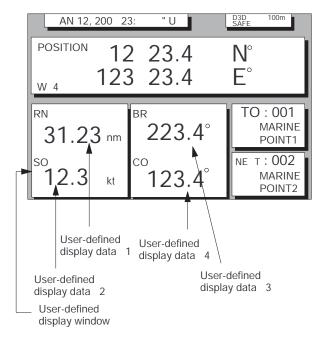


Figure 6-1 Data display

The data the user may select to display are

- Altitude (A T)*
- Average course (A R CO)
- Average speed (A R SO)
- Course (CO)
- Course error (dCO)
- Cross track error (TE)
- Depth (W.DPT)
- Drift (DFT)
- ETA to waypoint (ETA)
- Heading (HD)
- Range to waypoint (RN)
- Bearing to waypoint (BR)
- Route time-to-go (RT.TT)
- Set (SET)
- Speed over ground (SO)

- Speed thru water (STW)
- Time-to-go to waypoint (TT)
- ETA to route
- Total route distance (RT.DIST)*
- Trip distance (TRIP)
- Trip elapsed time (TRIP TM)
- Water temperature (W.TMP), and
- elocity to destination (TD)*

ALT: Displayed only in 3D position fixing.

* T. DIST: Total distance from current position to ultimate destination. Appears when following a registered route or a cursor-created route.

TD: When following a route, plus or minus appears next to indication to denote which direction the route is being traversed.

Requires external sensor.

 Press MEN ESC, and 1 to display the P OTTER SETUP menu.

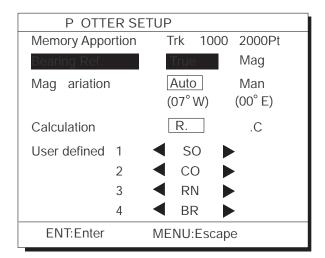


Figure 6-2 PLOTTER SETUP menu

- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select one of four of "User defined" (1, 2, 3, 4).
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select data to display.
- Press the N C ENT key. To select the data to display at other user defined displays, repeat steps 2 and 3.
-) Press the MEN ESC key.

6.2 Selecting Position Format

Position can be displayed in latitude and longitude, Loran C LOPs, or Decca LOPs, and the default format is latitude and longitude.

Selecting position format (L/L or LOPs)

 Press MENU ESC, 9 and 8 to display the LOP SETUP menu.

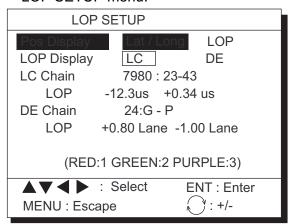


Figure 6-3 LOP SETUP menu

- Press ▲ or ▼ to select Pos Display.
- Press ◀ or ▶ to select Lat/Long or LOP.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

Displaying LOPs

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 8.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Pos Display.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select LOP.
- 4) Press ▼ to select LOP Display.
- 5) Press ◀ or ▶ to select LC (Loran C) or DE (Decca).

Follow ① or ② in the adjacent column according to selection in step 5.

Tor Loran LOPs

- 6) Press ▼ to select LC Chain.
- Key in GRI code referring to the Loran C chain list appears in the Appendix. If the GRI code is 9970, for example, press 9, 9, 7, 0.
- 8) Key in secondary code pair referring to the Loran C chain list in the Appendix.
- 9) Press ▼.
- 10) Key in correction value.
- 11) If necessary, press to switch from plus to minus or vice versa.
- 12) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 13)Press the MENU ESC key.

2 For Decca LOPs

- 6) Press ▼ to select DE Chain.
- Key in Decca chain number referring to the Decca chain list in the Appendix. For the Europe chain, for example, press 0, 1.
- 8) Key in Decca lane pair. Red, 1; Green 2, and Purple 3.
- 9) Press ▼.
- 10) Key in lane correction value.
- 11) If necessary, press to switch from plus to minus or vice versa.
- 12) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 13) Press the MENU ESC key.

Registering waypoints using LOPs

- 1) Press WPT RTE and 5.
- 2) Press to display LOPs.

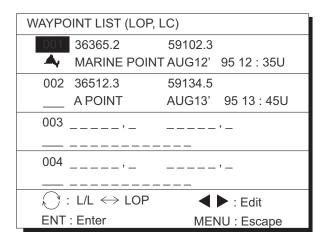
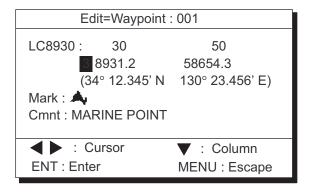
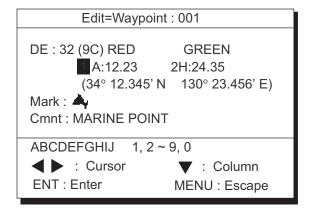


Figure 6-4 LOP display on the waypoint list

- 3) Press ▲ or ▼ to select waypoint number.
- 4) Press ◀ or ▶. Your display should look like one of the displays in Figure 6-5.



Loran C LOP input screen



Decca LOP input screen

Figure 6-5 LOP input screens

- 5) Key in LOP1 and LOP2, to enable calculation.
- 6) Press ▼ to calculate LOPs. "Calculating" appears between parentheses during the calculation. Actual LOPs replace "Calculating" upon completion of the calculation.

If the conversion fails, the message "Failed in Conversion" appears for three seconds.

Press the **CLEAR** key and reenter the right LOP1 and LOP2.

- 7) Press ◀ or ▶ to select mark.
- 8) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 9) Enter comment, if desired.
- 10) Press the NU/CU ENT key twice. Waypoint data and date and time registered appear.

6.3 Demo Display

The demo display provides simulated operation of this unit. Own ship tracks, at the speed selected, a figure eight course, starting from position entered. All controls are operative; you may change course, enter marks, etc.

 While pressing and holding down NU/CU ENT, turn on the power. After the test results appear, the Simulation Mode menu appears.

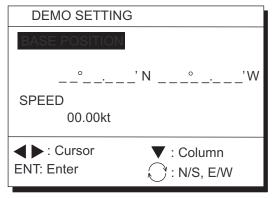


Figure 6-6 Simulation mode menu

- 2) Key in latitude of initial position.
- 3) If necessary, press to switch from north latitude to south latitude or vice versa.
- 4) Key in longitude.
- 5) If necessary, press to switch from east longitude to west longitude or vice versa.
- 6) Press ▼ key.
- 7) Key in speed.
- 8) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key to start the simulation mode.

The icon pe appears in the plotter 1, 2, and highway display. All controls are operative.

Note: The return to the normal mode, turn off the power and then turn it on while pressing and holding down NU/CU ENT key.

Note: When the memory is cleared while in the demonstration mode, the equipment starts up in the normal mode.

7. ALARMS

There are seven alarm conditions which generate both audible and visual alarms. When an alarm setting is violated, the buzzer sounds and the name of the offending alarm appears on the display. The alarm icon also appears on the Plotter 1, Plotter 2 and Highway displays.

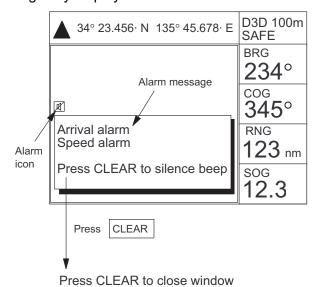


Figure 7-1 Location of alarm messages and alarm icon

7.1 Arrival Alarm, Anchor Watch Alarm

Arrival alarm

The arrival alarm informs you that own ship is approaching a destination waypoint. The area that defines an arrival zone is that of a circle which you approach from the outside of the circle. The alarm will be released if own ship enters the circle.

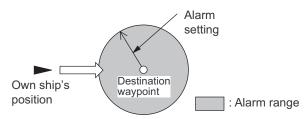


Figure 7-2 How the arrival alarm works

- 1) Press the MENU ESC key.
- 2) Press **4** to display the ALARM SETTINGS menu.

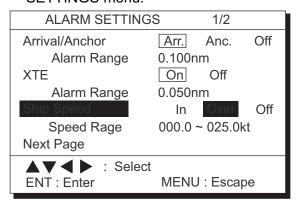


Figure 7-3 ALARM SETTINGS menu, page 1/2

- 3) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Arrival/Anchor.
- 4) Press ◀ or ▶ to select Arr.
- 5) Press ▼ to select Alarm Range.
- 6) Key in alarm range (0.001-9.999 nm).
- 7) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 8) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

When own ship nears a waypoint by the range set here, the buzzer sounds and the message "Arrival alarm" appears. You can silence the audible alarm by pressing the **CLEAR** key. To erase the visual alarm, press the **CLEAR** key again.

To disable the alarm, select Off at step 5.

Anchor watch alarm

The anchor watch alarm sounds to warn you that own ship is moving when it should be at rest.

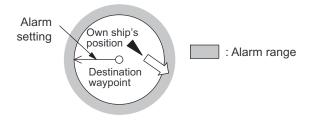


Figure 7-4 How the anchor watch alarm works

Before setting the anchor watch alarm, set present position as destination waypoint, referring to chapter 5.

- 1) Press MENU ESC and 4.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Arrival/Anchor.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select Anc.
- 4) Press ▼ to select Alarm Range.
- 5) Key in alarm range (0.001-9.999 nm).
- 6) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 7) Press the MENU ESC key.

When own ship drifts by the range set here, the buzzer sounds and the message "Anchor alarm" appears. You can silence the audible alarm by pressing the **CLEAR** key. To erase the visual alarm, press the **CLEAR** key again.

To disable the alarm, select Off at step 3.

7.2 Cross Track Error (XTE) Alarm

The XTE alarm warns you when own ship is off its intended course.

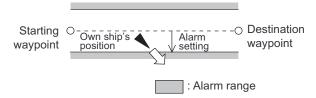


Figure 7-5 How the XTE alarm works

- 1) Press MENU ESC and 4.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select XTE.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select On.
- 4) Press ▼ to select Alarm Range.
- 5) Key in alarm range (0.001-9.999 nm).
- 6) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.
- 7) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

When own ship strays from the intended track by the range set here, the buzzer sounds and the message "Cross track error alarm" appears. You can silence the audible alarm by pressing the **CLEAR** key. To erase the visual alarm, press the **CLEAR** key again.

To disable the alarm, select Off at step 3.

7.3 Ship's Speed Alarm

The ship's speed alarm sounds when ship's speed is lower or higher (or within) the alarm range set.

- 1) Press MENU ESC and 4.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Ship Speed.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select In (or Over).In: Alarm sounds when speed is within range set.

Over: Alarm sounds when speed is higher or lower than range set.

- 4) Press ▼ to select Speed Range.
- 5) Key in low speed.
- 6) Key in high speed.
- 7) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 8) Press the MENU ESC key.

When speed is higher or lower (or within) than the speed set here, the buzzer sounds and the message "Speed alarm" appears. You can silence the audible alarm by pressing the **CLEAR** key. To erase the visual alarm, press the **CLEAR** key again.

To disable the alarm, select Off at step 3.

7.4 Trip Alarm

The trip alarm sounds when the distance run is greater than the trip alarm setting.

- 1) Press MENU ESC and 4.
- Press ▲ or ▼ to select Next Page. The menu shown in Figure 7-6 appears.

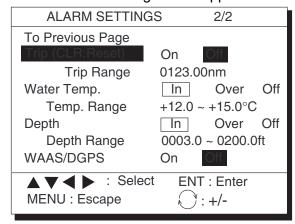


Figure 7-6 Alarm settings menu, page 2/2

- 3) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Trip.
- 4) If necessary, press **CLEAR** to reset the trip distance and trip elapsed time (see page 6-1).
- 5) Press ◀ or ▶ to select On.
- 6) Press ▼ to select Trip Range.
- 7) Key in trip range.
- 8) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 9) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

When the ship's distance run is higher than the trip range set here, the buzzer sounds and the message "Trip alarm" appears. You can silence the audible alarm by pressing the **CLEAR** key. To erase the visual alarm, press the **CLEAR** key again.

To disable the alarm, select Off at step 5.

7.5 Water Temperature Alarm

The water temperature alarm sounds when the water temperature is higher or lower (or within) the preset temperature. This alarm requires temperature signal from external equipment.

- 1) Press MENU ESC and 4.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Water Temp.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select In (or Over).
- 4) Press ▼ to select Temp. Range.
- 5) Key in low temperature.
- 6) Key in high temperature.
- 7) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 8) Press the MENU ESC key.

When the water temperature is higher or lower (or within) the preset value, the buzzer sounds and the message "Water temp alarm" appears. You can silence the audible alarm by pressing the **CLEAR** key. To erase the visual alarm, press the **CLEAR** key again.

To disable the alarm, select Off at step 3.

7.6 Depth Alarm

The depth temperature alarm sounds when the depth is higher or lower (or within) the preset depth. This alarm requires video sounder connection.

- 1) Press MENU ESC and 4.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Depth.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select In (or Over).
- 4) Press ▼ to select Depth Range.
- 5) Key in low depth.
- 6) Key in high depth.
- 7) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.
- 8) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

When the depth is higher or lower (or within) the preset value, the buzzer sounds and the message "Depth alarm" appears. You can silence the audible alarm by pressing the **CLEAR** key. To erase the visual alarm, press the **CLEAR** key again.

To disable the alarm, select Off at step 3.

7.7 WAAS/DGPS Alarm

The WAAS/DGPS alarm sounds when the WAAS/DGPS signal is lost. This alarm may be enabled or disabled as below.

- 1) Press MENU ESC and 4.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select WAAS/DGPS.
- 3) Press ◀ to select On, or ▶ to select off.
- 4) Press the NU/CU/ENT key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

8. MENU SETTINGS

8.1 GPS Menu

Menu description

Fix mode

Two position fixing modes are available: 2D and 2/3D. The 2D mode provides two dimensional position fixes (latitude and longitude only) and is used when three satellites are in line of sight of the GPS receiver.

The 2/3D mode switches between two and three dimension position fixing automatically depending on how many satellites (three or four) are in light of sight of the GPS receiver.

ANT Height

Enter the height of the antenna unit above sea surface (000-999 ft, 000-304 m). The default setting is 16 ft.

Disable satellite

Every GPS satellite is broadcasting abnormal satellite number(s) in the Almanac. Using this information, the GPS receiver automatically eliminates any malfunctioning satellite from the GPS satellite schedule. However, the Almanac sometimes may not contain this information. You can disable an inoperative satellite manually on the GPS SETUP menu.

GPS smoothing, position

When the DOP or receiving condition is unfavorable, the GPS fix may change greatly, even if the vessel is dead in water. This change can be reduced by smoothing the raw GPS fixes. A setting between 0 and 9 is available. The higher the setting the more smoothed the raw data, however too high a setting slows response time to change in latitude and longitude. This is especially

noticeable at high ship's speeds. "0" is the normal setting; increase the setting if the GPS fix changes greatly.

GPS smoothing, speed

During position fixing, ship's velocity (speed and course) is directly measured by receiving GPS satellite signals. The raw velocity data may change randomly depending on receiving conditions and other factors. You can reduce this random variation by increasing the smoothing. Like with latitude and longitude smoothing, the higher the speed and course smoothing the more smoothed the raw data. If the setting is too high, however, the response to speed and course change slows. For no smoothing, enter "0." "5" is suitable for most conditions.

Speed average

Calculation of ETA and TTG, etc. is based on average ship's speed over a given period. The default setting is one minute.

RAIM function/RAIM accuracy

RAIM (Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring) is a diagnostic function which tests the accuracy of the GPS signal. To use the RAIM function, enter the range (from own ship in meters) for which you want to know position confidence, on the GPS Setup 2/2 menu. The receiver estimates position confidence using range value and detected satellite error, and displays (provided the RAIM function is active) the results as one of three levels of position confidence, at the top right-hand corner of the screen. The three levels are as follows:

SAFE: GPS signal is normal. The positioning accuracy satisfies the setting value. **CAUTION:** RAIM accuracy cannot be calculated. (Signals from more than five GPS satellites are necessary.) The positioning accuracy does not satisfy the setting value. **UNSAFE:** GPS signal is abnormal, therefore the positioning accuracy is not reliable. Note that the GP-150 does not exclude abnormal signals automatically.

Geodetic datum

Select the geodetic chart system you are using. WGS-84 (standard GPS chart system) and NAD 27 can be directly selected. For other charts, select "OTHER" and enter chart number referring to the geodetic chart list in the Appendix.

To output position data to ECDIS (Electronic Chart Display and Information System), turn on the power while holding down the [0] key. This disables access to the Geodetic Datum menu. Then, "Cannot be changed" is shown in the Geodetic Datum menu as in Figure 8-2 on the next page. To stop outputting position data to ECDIS, turn on the power while holding down the [0] key.

Position offset

You may apply an offset to position generated by the internal GPS receiver, to compensate for difference between GPS position and chart position.

Time difference

The GPS system uses UTC time. If you would rather use local time, enter the difference in hours between local time and UTC. Use the numeric keys for times later or earlier than UTC, respectively.

Position

When executing cold start there is no satellite information in the unit's memory, thus it may take some time to find position. To fix position faster, enter estimated position.

Selecting fix mode

 Press MENU ESC, 9 and 6 to display the GPS SETUP menu.

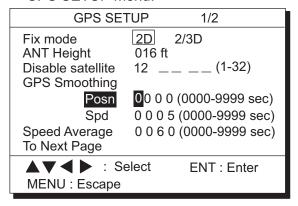


Figure 8-1 GPS SETUP menu, page 1/2

- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Fix mode.
- Press ◀ or ▶ to select fix mode desired.
- 4) Press ▼ to change other settings, or press MENU ESC key to register settings and escape.

Disabling satellites

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 6.
- Press ▲ or ▼ to select Disable satellite.
- Key in satellite number, in two digits (01-32). Three sets of satellite numbers may be entered.
- Press the NU/CU ENT key. If an invalid number is entered the buzzer sounds.
- 5) Press the MENU ESC key.

Note: To enable all disabled satellites, press the **CLEAR** key at step 3. All satellite numbers on the Disable satellite line are erased.

Entering GPS position smoothing

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 6.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Posn.
- 3) Enter smoothing factor in three digits (0000-9999).
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the MENU ESC key.

Entering GPS speed smoothing

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 6.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Spd.
- 3) Enter smoothing factor in three digits (0000-9999).
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the MENU ESC key.

Entering speed averaging

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 6.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Speed Average.
- 3) Enter smoothing factor in two digits (0000-9999).
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the MENU ESC key.

Selecting RAIM Function

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 6.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select RAIM Function on page 2/2.

GPS SI	ETUP	2/2	
To Previous Page)		
RAIM Function	OFF	ON	
RAIM Accuracy	100 m		
Geodetic Datum			OTHER
(Cannot be	changed): 0.000' N) 0 000' F	(001)
Time Diff.	+00:00	0.000 L	.
	00.000' N	123° 00.0	00° W
	Select	ENT : E	inter
MENU : Escape)	: +/-	

Figure 8-2 GPS SETUP menu, page 2/2

- 3) Press ▲ or ▼ to select RAIM Function desired.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

Entering RAIM Accuracy

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 6.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select RAIM Accuracy on page 2/2.
- Key in the range for which you want to know RAIM Accuracy (1 to 999 m).
 Note: Unit is meter only.

Press the NU/CU ENT key.
 Press the MENU ESC key.

Entering geodetic datum

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 6.
- Press ▲ or ▼ to select Geodetic Datum on page 2/2.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select geodetic datum to use. For geodetic datum other than WGS-84 or NAD-27, select OTHER and key in chart number (001-173) referring to the geodetic chart list in the Appendix.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the MENU ESC key.

Entering position offset

If you do not know the type of chart you are using, GPS position may be wrong. Note the difference in position when moored to a pier and enter it on the GPS SETUP menu, to get correct position.

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 6.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Posn Offset on page 2/2.
- If necessary press to switch from north latitude to south latitude or vice versa.
- 4) Key in latitude correction.
- 5) If necessary press to switch from east longitude to west longitude or vice versa.
- 6) Key in longitude correction.
- 7) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 8) Press the MENU ESC key. The icon appears when L/L offset is applied.

Entering time difference

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 6.
- Press ▲ or ▼ to select Time Diff on page 2/2.
- 3) Key in time difference (-14:00 to +14:00).
- 4) Press to change from plus to minus or vice versa.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

Entering position

After the unit is installed you may enter position to shorten the time it takes to find position. (It takes about two minutes when there is no position data entered.)

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 6.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Posn on page 2/2.
- 3) If necessary, press to switch from north latitude to south latitude or vice versa. Key in latitude.
- 4) If necessary, press to switch from east longitude to west longitude or vice versa. Key in longitude.
- 5) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 6) Press the MENU ESC key.

8.2 Selecting Units of Measurement

Unit of distance

Distance can be displayed in nautical mile, kilometer or statute mile as follows.

1) Press **MENU ESC**, **9** and **2**. The UNIT SETUP menu appears.

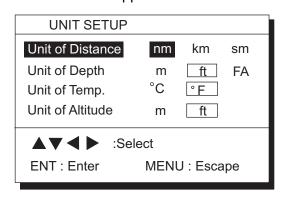


Figure 8-3 UNIT SETUP menu

- Press ▲ or ▼ to select Unit of Distance.
- Press ◀ or ▶ to select unit; nm, km or sm.
- 4) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

Unit of depth

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 2.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Unit of Depth.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select unit; meter, feet, or fathom.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

Unit of water temperature

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 2.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Unit of Temp.
- Press ◀ or ▶ to select unit; Centigrade or Fahrenheit.
- 4) Press NU/CU ENT and MENU ESC.

Unit of altitude

Available only in 3D mode.

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 2.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Unit of Altitude.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select unit.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

8.3 Mark, Character Size and Brilliance

The DISPLAY SETUP menu lets you select the size and brilliance of various markers.

Grid tone

The grid can be displayed in light or dark tone, or turned off.

1) Press **MENU ESC** and **1**. The DISPLAY SETUP menu appears.

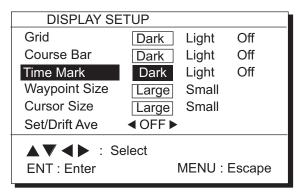


Figure 8-4 DISPLAY SETUP menu

- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Grid.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select brilliance.
- 4) Press NU/CU ENT and MENU ESC.

Course bar tone

The course bar can be displayed in light or dark tone, or turned off.

- 1) Press MENU ESC and 1.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Course Bar.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select brilliance.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

Time mark tone

The time mark can be displayed in light or dark tone, or turned off.

- 1) Press MENU ESC and 1.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Time Mark.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select brilliance.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

Waypoint mark size

The size of the waypoint mark can be selected to large or small.

Large waypoint mark

No icon	With icon
12	12 A

Small waypoint mark



Figure 8-5 Waypoint mark size

- 1) Press **MENU ESC** and **1**.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Waypoint Size.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select Large or Small.
- 4) Press NU/CU ENT and MENU ESC.

Cursor size

The size of the cursor can be selected to large or small.

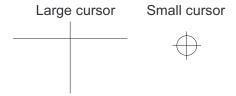


Figure 8-6 Cursor size

- 1) Press **MENU ESC** and **1**.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Cursor Size.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select Large or Small.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

Set/Drift Ave

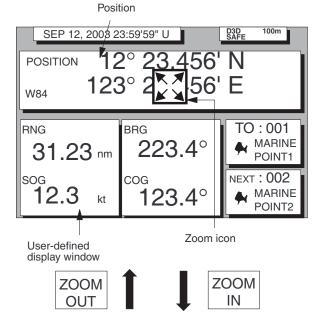
Set smoothing value to apply to set and drift data. The higher the value the more smoothed the data.

Enlarging characters

The si e of the indications of position or user defined display areas can be enlarged on the Data display.

- On the Data display, with no enlarged characters, press the C SO ON O key to turn on the oom icon.
- 2) Operate the cursor keys to select data to enlarge in the window.
- 3) Press the OOM IN key.

To switch character si e from enlarged to normal, press the OOM O T key at step 3.



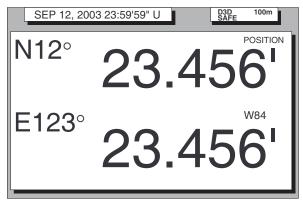


Figure 8-7 How to enlarge indications on the data display

.4 Settings or Connection o Na igator

Besides its fundamental function of displaying position, the P-1 0 can also output various data to external equipment. Before outputting data to external equipment, first determine what data the external equipment requires. Output only necessary data to ensure data will be output correctly.

All data transmitted by marine electronics equipment are prefixed with a two character code called a talker. The same talker must be shared by the transmitting and receiving equipment to transmit and receive data successfully. The P-1 0 transmits data using the P (PS talker), however it can also transmit using the oran (C) or Decca (DE) talker.

Because the P talker is a relatively new system some early model equipment may not recogni e this talker.

DATA 1 output setting

Press MEN ESC, and 3. The DATA 1,
 OUTPUT SETUP menu appears.

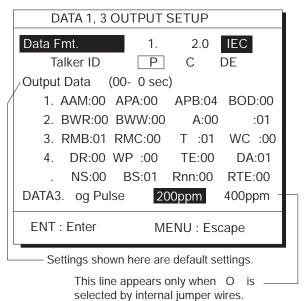


Figure 8-8 DATA 1, 3 OUTPUT
SETUP menu

2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Data Fmt.

- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select NMEA 0183 (V1.5 or V2.0) or IEC 61162-1.
- 4) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key. Talker ID appears in reverse video.
- 5) Press ◀ or ▶ to select GP, LC or DE.
- 6) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 7) Enter Tx interval for each output data sentence in line 1. Tx interval is available in 00, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 10, 15, 20, 30, 60 and 90 (seconds).
- 8) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- Enter Tx interval for each output data sentence in lines 2 through 5. Press the NU/CU ENT key after setting each line.

For detailed information about Tx interval see the installation manual. However, the settings entered by the installer of the equipment should not be changed unless absolutely necessary.

BWC is for great circle navigation; BWR is for rhumb line navigation.

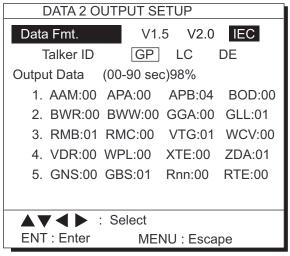
The total data output are shown by percentage on the third line. For best results the total output should not exceed 90%; lengthen the Tx interval of less important data to make the total output less than 90%.

When the external equipment cannot display correct data input from the GP-150, the rate of operation should be lowered.

For example, set a rate of operation less then 60% for the Temperature Indicator TI-20.

DATA 2 output setting

1) Press **MENU ESC**, **9** and **4**. The DATA 2 OUTPUT SETUP menu appears.



Settings shown here are default settings.

Figure 8-9 DATA 2 OUTPUT SETUP menu

2) Follow the procedure for setting DATA 1 output.

DATA 3 output setting

The DATA 3 connector can output IEC 61162-1/NMEA 0183 data or log pulse. (For details, see the Installation Manual.) For NMEA 0183, IEC 61162-1 the same data output by DATA 1 is output from DATA 3.

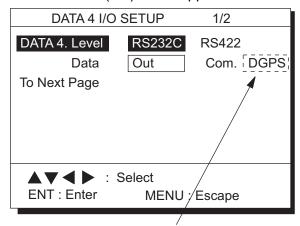
For log pulse, select 200 or 400 pulse per second depending on the device connected.

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 3.
- Press ▲ or ▼ to select DATA 3. Log Pulse.
- Press ◀ or ▶ to select log pulse of external equipment; 200ppm or 400ppm.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key twice.

Setting DATA 4 to NMEA

The DATA 4 port connects to a personal computer, DGPS receiver or YEOMAN equipment.

1) Press **MENU ESC**, **9** and **5**. The DATA 4 I/O SETUP (1/2) menu appears.



Appears only when external DGPS receiver is used.

Figure 8-10 DATA 4 I/O SETUP menu (1/2)

- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Level.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select level of external equipment; RS232C or RS422.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press ◀ or ▶ to select Out.
- 6) Press ▼ to select To Next Page. The DATA 4 I/O SETUP (2/2) menu appears.

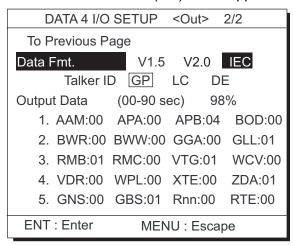


Figure 8-11 DATA 4 I/O SETUP menu (2/2)

 Follow "DATA 1 output setting" from step 2.

8.5 Receiving Data from Personal Computer

Loading Waypoints/Routes data

Waypoints and Routes data can be downloaded from a personal computer, through the DATA 4 connector.

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 5.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Level.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select level of personal computer; RS232C or RS422.
- 4) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.
- 5) Press ▶ to select Com.
- 6) Press ▼ to select To Next Page. The DATA 4 I/O SETUP menu appears.

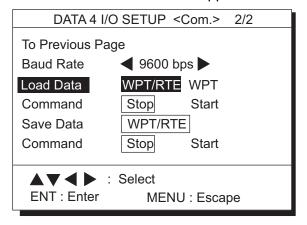


Figure 8-12 DATA 4 I/O SETUP menu (2/2)

- 7) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Baud Rate.
- 8) Press ◀ or ▶ to select baud rate; 4800bps, 9600bps, or 19200bps.
- 9) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 10)Press ◀ to select WPT/RTE.
- 11) Press ▼ to select Command. Stop, on the same line as Command, appears in reverse video.
- 12)Press ▶ to select Start. The message shown in Figure 8-13 appears.

Loading erases current data and stops Route navigation Are you sure to load ? ENT: Yes MENU:No

Figure 8-13

13) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key. The message shown in Figure 8-14 appears while data is being loaded.

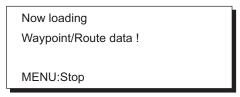


Figure 8-14

- 14) Operate the computer to output data.

 When data is loaded, the cursor shifts to Stop.
- 15) Press the **MENU ESC** key. When data is loaded successfully, The message in Figure 8-15 appears.

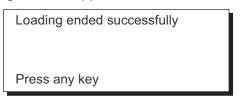


Figure 8-15

If data could not be loaded, the message shown in Figure 8-16 appears.

Failed in loading Invalid data Press any key

Figure 8-16

Stopping loading of data

 Press the MENU ESC key. The message shown in Figure 8-17 appears.



Figure 8-17

- To quit loading, press the NU/CU ENT key. The cursor shifts to Stop.
- 3) To start loading, select Start.
- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

Loading waypoint data from YEOMAN equipment

- Do steps 1 through 9 in "Loading lighthouse data."
- 2) Press ◀ or ▶ to select WPT.
- 3) Press t to select Command.
- 4) Press ▶ to select Start. The message shown in Figure 8-18 appears.

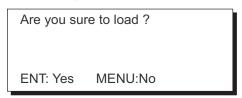


Figure 8-18

5) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key. The message shown in Figure 8-19 appears.

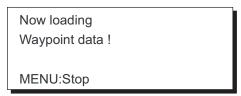


Figure 8-19

6) Operate the YEOMAN to output data. When data is loaded, the cursor automatically shifts to "Stop". Waypoints are loaded into empty areas. When the waypoint area becomes full, the message shown in Figure 8-20 appears.

Waypoint area is full !
Can't load any data
Press any key to stop

Figure 8-20

7) When the data is loaded, press CU/NU ENT and MENU ESC. The message shown in Figure 8-21 appears. The number of valid and invalid waypoints appears in the message.

Loading completed
Valid waypoint : 0
Invalid waypoint : 0
Press any key

Figure 8-21

) Press the **MENU ESC** key twice.

Saving data to personal computer

aypoint and route data can be saved to a personal computer.

- 1) Press MENU ESC 9 and 5.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Level.
- Press ◀ or ▶ to select level RS232C or RS422.
- Press the NU/CU ENT key. " ata" appears in reverse video.
- 5) Press ▶ to select Com.
-) Press ▼ to select ext Page.
-) Press ▲ or ▼ to select aud Rate.
-) Press ◀ or ▶ to select baud rate
 - 4 bps bps or 1 2 bps.
-) Press ▼ to select Command under the Save ata line). Stop on the same line as Command appears in reverse video.
- 1) Press ▶ to select Start. The message shown in igure 22 appears.

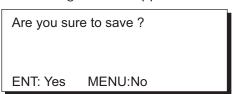


Figure 8-22

11) Press the NU/CU ENT key. The message shown in igure 23 appears while data is being saved.

Now saving
Waypoint/Route data!
MENU:Stop

Figure 8-23

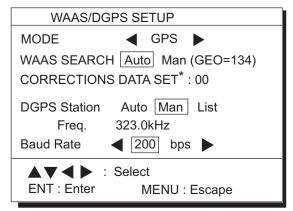
- 12) Save data at the computer.
- 13) Press the **MENU ESC** key. hen data is saved the cursor shifts to Stop.
- 14) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

8.6 WAAS/DGPS Setting

This menu sets the using AAS or when the PS beacon receiver R is connected. The default setting is PS.

WAAS

1) Press **MENU ESC 9** and **7** to display the AAS/ PS SETUP menu.



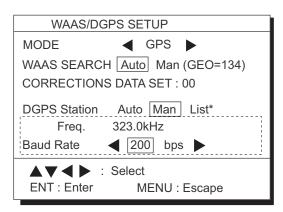
^{*:} Determines how to use the WAAS signal. Use the default setting "00".

Figure 8-24 WAAS/DGPS SETUP menu

- 2) Press ◀ or ▶ to select AAS or AUT.
- 3) Press ▼ to select AAS SEARC .
- 4) Press ◀ or ▶ to select Auto or Man.

DGPS

 Press MENU ESC, 9 and 7 to display the WAAS/DGPS SETUP menu.



: These items appear when "Man" is selected. *: Only when the internal beacon receiver is equipped.

Figure 8-25

- Press ▲ or ▼ to select MODE, and then press ◀ or ▶ to choose INT BEACON.
- 3) Press ▼ to select DGPS Station.
- Press ◀ or ▶ to select Auto, Man or List.

For automatic search, the GP-150 automatically search DGPS reference station.

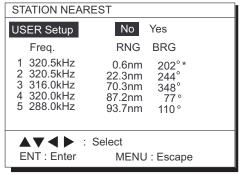
For manual search, enter frequency of DGPS reference station and select the transmission rate of that. The List shows five closest DGPS beacon stations, including user-programmed stations.

Manual

- 1) Press ◀ or ▶ to select Man.
- 2) Enter frequency in four digits (283.5kHz to 325.0kHz, in 0.5 kHz step).
- Press the NU/CU ENT key. "Baud Rate" appears in reverse video.
- 4) Press ◀ or ▶ to select baud rate; 25, 50, 100 or 200bps.
- 5) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

List

 Press ◀ or ▶ to select List to show the STATION NEAREST list.



*: User-programmed station

Figure 8-26

- Press ▲ or ▼ to select the station desired.
- 3) Press the **ENTER** key.

Programming DGPS user stations

You may program 20 DGPS beacon stations from which to use in DGPS beacon station selection. This function is available only when equipped with the internal beacon receiver.

Entering new DGPS stations

- Press MENU ESC, 9 and 7 to display the WAAS/DGPS SETUP menu.
- Press ▼ to select DGPS Station.
- Press ► to select List to show the STATION NEAREST list.
- 4) Press ▲ or ▼ to select USER Setup, and then press ▶ to go to the DGPS Station (USER) list. While searching stations, the message "PLEASE WAIT" appears. Each page shows six stations.

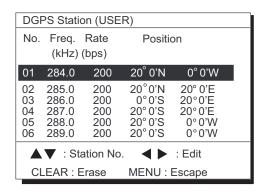


Figure 8-27

- Press ▲ or ▼ to select No. desired, which has not been used.
- 6) Press ◀ or ▶ to show the Edit window.

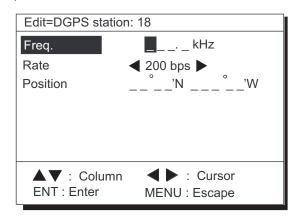


Figure 8-28

- 7) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Freq, and then enter frequency of the station, and then press ▼. (Setting range: 283.5 to 320.5, in 0.5 step)
- 8) Press ◀ or ▶ to select the baud rate, 100 or 200 bps, and then press ▼.
- 9) Enter latitude and longitude of the station. To change N to S or E to W, press ... Message "ARE YOU SURE?" appears.
- 10) Press the NU/CU ENT key. The message "PLEASE WAIT" appears, and then the DGPS Station (USER) list appears.

Wrong frequency or position was entered at step 7 to 9, the beep sounds and the message "INCOMPLETE DATA" appears for three seconds.

11) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

Editing DGPS stations

- Press MENU ESC, 9 and 7 to display the WAAS/DGPS SETUP menu.
- 2) Press ▼ to select DGPS Station.
- Press ► to select List to show the STATION NEAREST list.
- Press ▲ or ▼ to select USER Setup, and then press ▶ to go to the DGPS Station (USER) list.
- 5) Press ▲ or ▼ to select the station from the list, and then press ◀ or ▶ to show the Edit window.

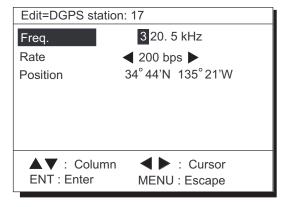


Figure 8-29

- Edit data, and then press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 7) After displaying the message "Are you sure to change?", press the NU/CU ENT key. The DGPS Station (USER) list appears after the message "PLEASE WAIT".
- 8) Press the MENU/ESC key.

Erasing individual DGPS station

- 1) Press **MENU ESC**, **9** and **7** to display the WAAS/DGPS SETUP menu.
- 2) Press ▼ to select DGPS Station.
- 3) Press ▶ to select List to show the STATION NEAREST list.
- Press ▲ or ▼ to select USER Setup, and then press ▶ to go to the DGPS Station (USER) list.
- 5) Press ▲ or ▼ to select the station from the list, and then press the CLEAR key. The message "Are you sure to erase?" appears.
- Press the NU/CU ENT key. If cacelling, press the MENU ESC key.
- 7) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

Setup for external DGPS beacon receiver

When an external DGPS beacon receiver is connected to the DATA 4 connector, set up the GP-150 according to specification of DPGS beacon receiver connected as follows.

- 1) Press MENU ESC, 9 and 5.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Level.
- 3) Press ◀ or ▶ to select level; RS232C

or RS422.

- 4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.
- 5) Press ◀ or ▶ to select DGPS.
- Press ▼ to select To Next Page.

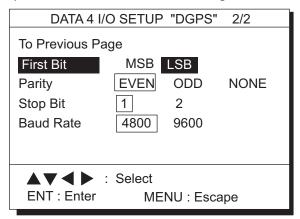


Figure 8-30 DATA 4 I/O SETUP "DGPS" 2/2 menu

- 7) Press ▲ or ▼ to select First Bit.
- 8) Press ◀ or ▶ to select first bit; MSB or LSB.
- 9) Press ▼ to select Parity.
- 10)Press ◀ or ▶ to select parity bit; EVEN, ODD or NONE.
- 11) Press ▼ to select Stop Bit.
- 12)Press ◀ or ▶ to select stop bit; 1 or 2.
- 13)Press ▼ to select Baud Rate.
- 14)Press ◀ or ▶ to select baud rate; 4800 or 9600.
- 15) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

8.7 Displaying GPS Monitor Displays

Three GPS monitor displays provide GPS information:

- Satellite monitor which shows position of GPS satellites
- Beacon receiver monitor which displays DGPS beacon station information
- DGPS beacon station message monitor which displays messages received from beacon stations

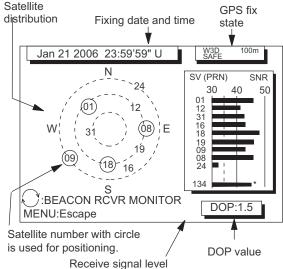
To display the GPS monitor displays;

- 1) Press MENU ESC and 7.
- 2) Press to display the GPS monitor

you want to view.

3) Press the **MENU ESC** to escape.

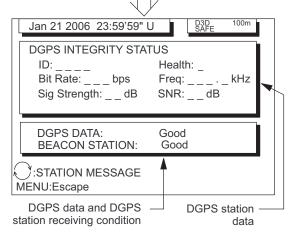
Number, bearing and elevation angle of all satellites in view of the GPS receiver appear. Satellites being used in fixing position are circled with a solid line; satellites not being used in fixing position are circled with a dashed line.



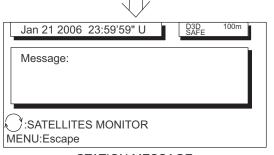
(When signal level is more than 35, it is used for positioning.)

*: This indication appears in the WAAS mode.

SATELLITES MONITOR



BEACON RECEIVER MONITOR



STATION MESSAGE

Return to SATELLITES MONITOR

Figure 8-31

8. MENU SETTINGS

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9. MAINTE-NANCE & TROUBLE-SHOOTING

9.1 Clearing the Memory

The GP-150 has two memories: GPS memory and plotter memory.

Clearing the plotter memory

The plotter memory holds plotted track and mark data. When you clear the plotter memory, all track and marks are cleared and all corresponding defaults settings are restored.

 Press MENU ESC, 9 and 9 to display the CLEAR MEMORY menu.

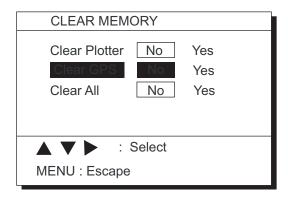


Figure 9-1 CLEAR MEMORY menu

- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Clear Plotter.
- 3) Press ▶ to select Yes. The following message appears.

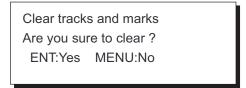


Figure 9-2

4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

Clearing the GPS memory

The GPS memory stores GPS information, including the Almanac. When you clear the GPS memory, all GPS information is erased.

- 1) Press **MENU ESC**, **9** and **9** to display the CLEAR MEMORY menu.
- Press ▲ or ▼ to select Clear GPS.
- Press ► to select Yes. The following message appears.

Setting for cold start
Are you sure to clear?
ENT:Yes MENU:No

Figure 9-3

4) Press the NU/CU ENT key.

Clearing GPS and plotter memories

To clear both GPS and plotter memories;

- Press MENU ESC, 9 and 9 to display the CLEAR MEMORY menu.
- 2) Press ▲ or ▼ to select Clear All.
- 3) Press ▶ to select Yes. The message shown in Figure 9-4 appears.

Setting for default
Are you sure to clear ?
ENT:Yes MENU:No

Figure 9-4

4) Press the **NU/CU ENT** key.

Note: The equipment may lock after clearing the GPS and plotter memories. Reapply power to the equipment to restore normal operation.

9.2 Preventive Maintenance

Т

Regular maintenance is necessary to maintain performance. Check the items mentioned below monthly to keep the e uipment in good working order.

NOTICE

Do not apply paint, anti-corrosive sealant or contact spray to coating or plastic parts of the equipment.

Those items contain organic solvents that can damage coating and plastic parts, especially plastic connectors.

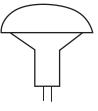
For the LCD screen, wipe the LCD carefully to prevent scratching, using tissue paper and an LCD cleaner. To remove dirt or salt deposits, use an LCD cleaner, wiping slowly with tissue paper so as to dissolve the dirt or salt. Change paper frequently so the salt or dirt will not scratch the LCD. Do not use solvents such as thinner, acetone or benzene for cleaning. Also, do not use degreaser or antifog solution, as they can strip the coating from the LCD.

Antenna unit

Check for fixing bolts for tightness.

Antenna cable

Check connector for tightness rust damage and water leaks.



Power cable

Check for tight connection.
round terminal
Check for rust and tight connection.

Fuse

The 2A fuse Type: A 2A AC125 Code o.: 54 2) in the power cable protects the unit from overvoltage and e uipment fault. f the fuse blows find out the cause before replacing the fuse. f the fuse blows after replacement re uest service.

⚠ WARNING

Use only a 2A fuse in the power cable.

Use of different fuses may cause fire.

9.3 Error Messages

Error messages appear on the display to alert you to possible trouble.

⚠ WARNING

Do not open the display unit cover. High voltage exists inside.

If the unit is not working properly, contact your dealer.

GPS error

hen PS signal is suddenly lost and position cannot be calculated within one minute the message shown in figure 5 appears.

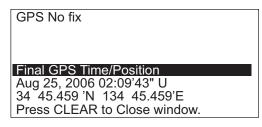


Figure 9-5 GPS error message

This message may appear when there is an interfering ob ect between the satellite and PS receiver for example mast) or the antenna cable is disconnected.

Press the **CLEAR** key to silence the buer. f the **CLEAR** key is not pressed several beeps sound every three minutes.

DOP error

hen P P value exceeds in the 3 mode or P value exceeds 4 in the 2 mode this error occurs and following indication appears.

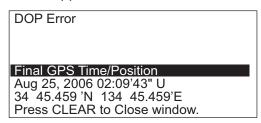


Figure 9-6 DOP error message

Press the **CLEAR** key to silence the buer. f the **CLEAR** key is not pressed several beeps sound every three minutes.

DGPS error

hen PS data contains errors or the PS beacon station is experiencing transmitting problems the message shown in igure appears.



Figure 9-7 DGPS error message

Self test error message

f the self test conducted when turning on the power) finds e uipment error the message shown in igure appears.



Figure 9-8 Self test error message

f the self test error message appears consult your dealer for advice.

9.4 Troubleshooting

The table which follows provides troubleshooting procedures which you can follow to restore normal operation. If normal operation cannot be restored, ask your dealer for advice.

Table 9-1 Troubleshooting table

If	Them	
You cannot turn on the power	Check power connector for tight connection.	
	Check if ship's main is off.	
	Check for blown fuse.	
Position cannot be fixed	Check antenna cable for tight connection and water leakage.	
	Check if functional satellite has been disabled: MENU ESC, 9, 6	
Position is wrong	Check if correct geodetic chart is entered: MENU ESC, 9, 6	
	Apply position correction to GPS position: MENU ESC, 9, 6	
Data cannot be transmitted to external equipment	 Check if data format is correct: MENU ESC, 9-3, 9-4, 9-5 See the installation manual for further details. Tx interval may be set to "0". Select proper interval. MENU ESC, 9-3, 9-4, 9-5 See the installation manual for further details. 	
	Check appropriate settings on external equipment.	
	Check connections: <u>GP-150</u> <u>external equipment</u> TD-A	

Diagnostic Tests

Me ory and I O circuits test

 Press MEN ESC and to display the SE F TESTS menu.

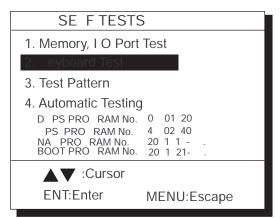


Figure 9-9 Diagnostic TESTS menu

Note: Program version No. shown as "xx" is a field which denotes minor changes and is subject to change under responsibility of the manufacturer.

2) Press 1.

MEMOR, I O PORT TEST		
PRO RAM MEMOR	0	
SRAM	Ο	
Internal Battery	Ο	
DATA 1 PORT	N	
DATA 2 PORT	N	
DATA 4 PORT	N	
PS	Ο	
BEACON	Ο	
MENU:Escape		
MENU:Escape		

Figure 9-10 MEMORY, I/O PORT

TEST display

 When testing is finished, press the MEN ESC key to escape and return to the Self Test menu. (Testing continues if the key is not pressed.)
 O appears to the right of PRO RAM, SRAM and Internal Battery when those devices are normal N (No ood) appears when an abnormality is found. O appears to the right of PS and BEACON when they are normal N and 1 hexadecimal figure appear when an abnormality is found.

Whenever N or 1 hexadecimal figure appears contact your dealer for advice.

DATA 1 PORT, DATA 2 PORT and DATA 4 PORT show results of communication interface test. A special test connector is required to test those ports. N appears as the results of the self test when there is no test connector attached.

4) Press the MEN ESC key to escape.

Note: The life of the internal battery is approximately years.

Name	Туре	Code No.
ithium	CR24 0-F2SST2	000-144- 41

ey oard test

 Press MEN ESC, and 2 to display the E BOARD TEST screen.

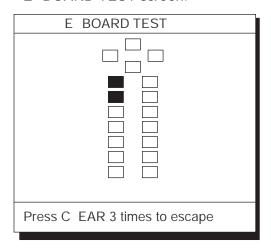


Figure 9-11 KEYBOARD TEST screen

- Press each key one by one. A key s corresponding location on the screen lights in reverse video if the key is normal.
- To quit the keyboard test, press the CLEA key three times. Control is returned to the SE F TESTS menu.
- 4) Press the MEN ESC key.

Display test

- 1) Press **MENU ESC**, **8** and **3** to display the test pattern screens.
- 2) To change the test pattern, press the NU/CU ENT key. Each time the key is pressed one of the patterns shown in Figure 9-12 appears.

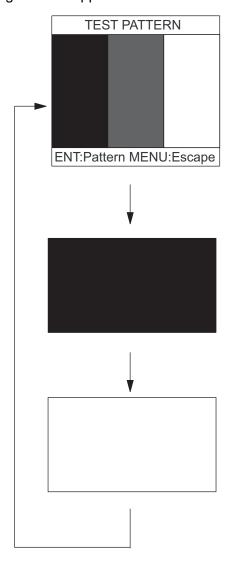


Figure 9-12 Test patterns 1 and 2

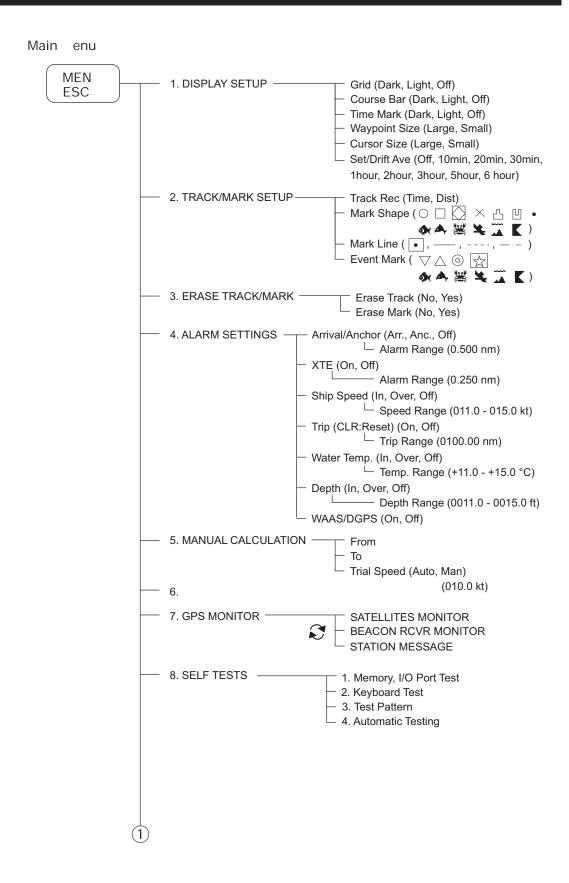
3) Press the **MENU ESC** key.

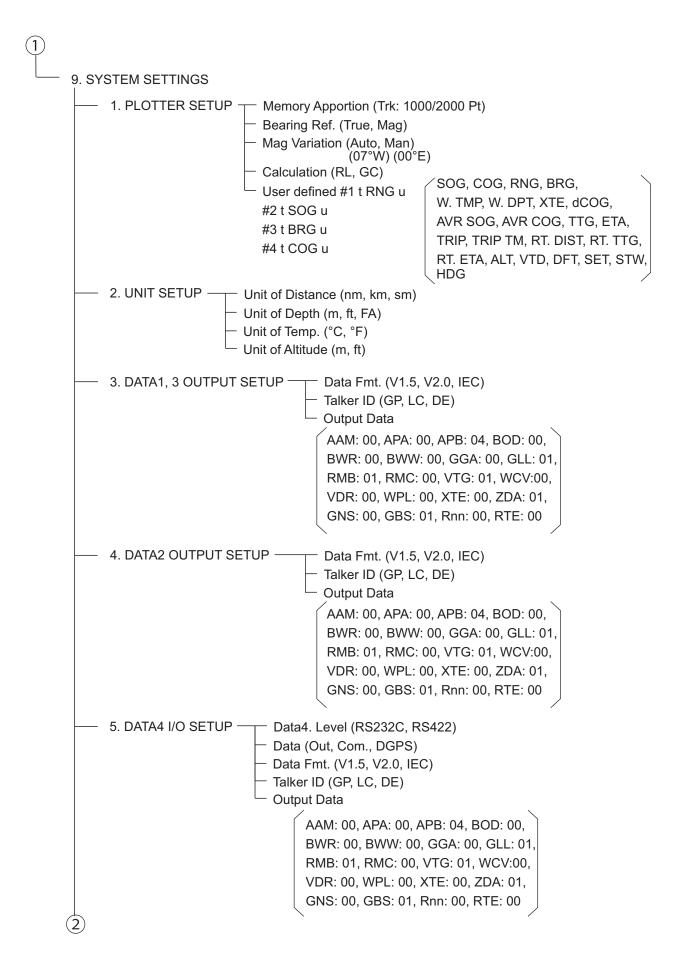
Automatic testing

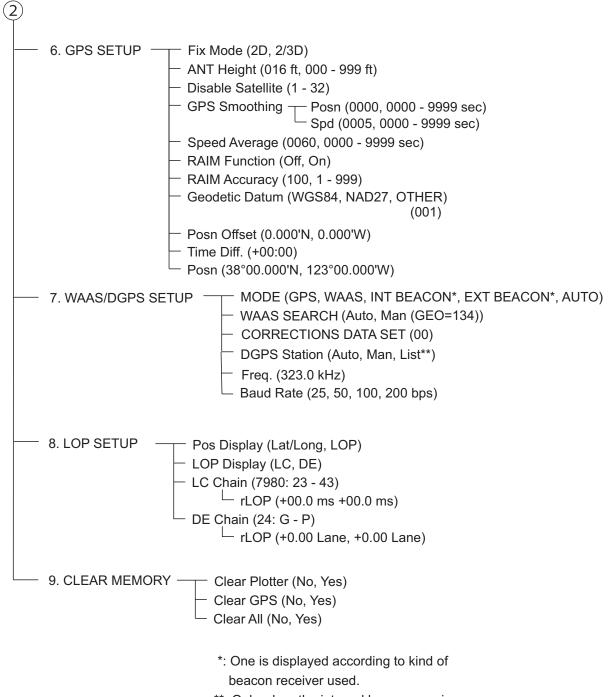
This feature conducts all self tests continuously.

- Press MENU ESC, 8 and 4. Self tests are conducted continuously in the order of memory, I/O test, keyboard test and test pattern.
- 2) To stop testing, press the **MENU ESC** kev.
- 3) Press the MENU ESC key.

MENU TREE







^{**:} Only when the internal beacon receiver is equipped.

DIGITAL INTERFACE (IEC 61162-1 EDITION 2 (2000-07))

Output sentences of channel 1, 2, 3, 4 (DATA 1, DATA 2, DATA 3, DATA 4)

AAM, APB, BOD, BWC, BWR, BWW, GBS, GGA, GLL, GNS, RMB, RMC, VTG, WCV, VDR, WPL, XTE, ZDA, RTE, DTM

Input sentences of channel 1 (DATA 1, DATA2, DATA4)

DBT, DPT, HDG, HDT MTW, TLL, VBW VHW

Transmission interval

All sentences output at the interval selected (00-90 s).

Load requirements as listener

Isolation: Optocoupler

Input impedance: 470 ohms

Max. voltage: ±15V

Threshold: 3 mA (in case of connection of FURUNO device talker)

Data transmission

Data is transmitted in serial asynchronous form in accordance with the standard referenced in 2.1 of IEC 61162-1. The first bit is a start bit and is followed by data bits.

The following parameters are used:

Baud rate: 4800

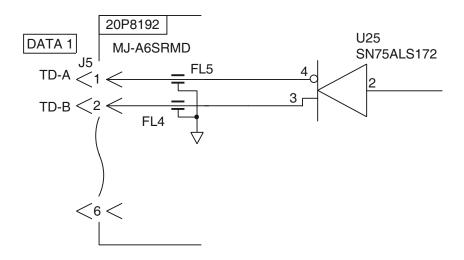
Data bits: 8 (D7 = 0), parity none

Stop bits: 1

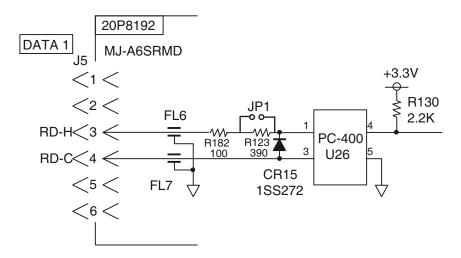
Schematic diagrams

DATA 1 port (output)

Output drive capability: Max. 15 mA



DATA 1 port (input)



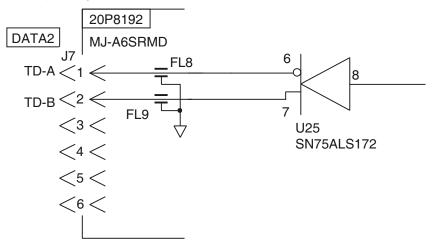
• Load Requirements

Isolation: opto coupler Input Impedance: 470 Ω Max. Voltage: ± 15 V

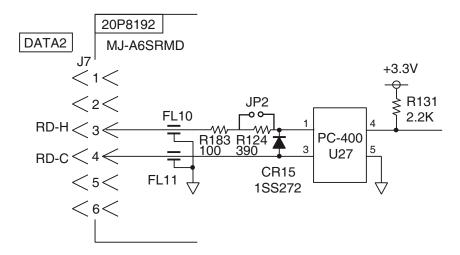
Threshold: 3mA (In case of FURUNO device talker connection)

DATA 2 port (output)

Output drive capability: Max. 15mA



DATA 2 port (input)



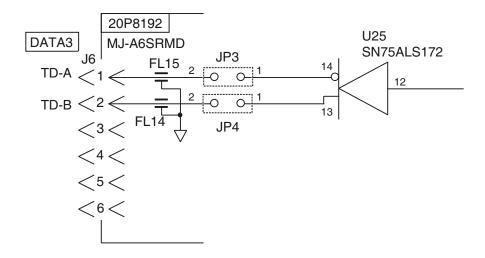
Load Requirements

Isolation: opto coupler Input Impedance: 470 Ω Max. Voltage: ± 15 V

Threshold: 3mA (In case of FURUNO device talker connection)

DATA 3 port (output)

Output drive capability: Max. 15mA

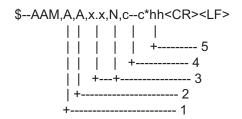


DATA 4 port

IN/OUT signal is selected by the menu among the output of IEC 61162-1, NMEA Ver. 1.5/2.0, PC input/output and DGPS signal.

Sentence description

AAM-Waypoint arrival alarm



- 1. Status: A=arrival circle entered
- 2. Status: A=perpendicular passed at waypoint
- 3. Arrival sircle radius, nautical miles
- 4. Waypoint ID
- 5. Checksum

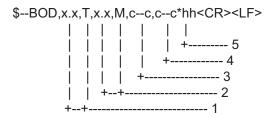
APB - Autopilot sentence data

- Status: A=Data varid V=LORAN-C blink or SNR warning V=general warning flag for other navigation systems when a reliable fix is not available
- 2. Status: A=OK or not used V=LORAN-C cycle lock warning flag
- 3. Magnitude of XTE(cross-track-eror)
- 4. Direction to steer, L/R
- 5. XTE units, nautical miles
- 6. Status: A=arrival circle entered V=arrival circle not passed
- 7. Status: A=perpendicular passed at waypoint V=perpendicular not entered
- 8. Bearing origin to destination, M/T
- 9. Destination waypoint ID
- 10. Bearing, present potition to destination, magnetic or true
- 11. Heading to steer to destination waypoint, magnetic or true
- 12. Mode indicator(see Note)
- 13. Checksum

NOTE Positioning system Mode indicator:

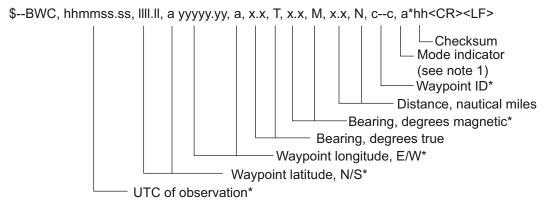
- A = Autonomous mode
- D = differential mode
- S = Simulator mode
- N = Data not valid

BOD - Bearing, origin to destination



- 1. Bearing, degrees true
- 2. Bearing, degrees magnetic
- 3. Destination waypoint ID
- 4. Origin waypoint ID
- 5. Checksum

BWC - Bearing and distance to waypoint



*: Not used

NOTE 1: Positioning system Mode indicator:

A= Autonomous mode

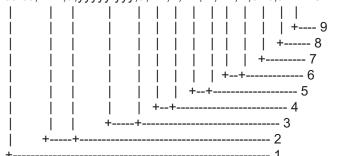
D= Differential mode

S= Simulator mode

N= Data not valid

The Mode indicator field shall not be a null field.

BWR - Bearing, waypoint to range



- 1. UTC of observation
- 2. Waypoint latitude, N/S
- 3. Waypoint longitude, E/W
- 4. Bearing, degrees true
- 5. Bearing, degrees magnetic
- 6. Distance, nautical miles
- 7. Waypoint ID
- 8. Mode indicator(see note)
- 9. Checksum

NOTE Positioning system Mode indicator:

A = Autonomous mode

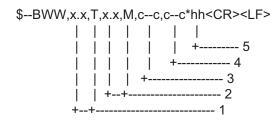
D = differential mode

S = Simulator mode

N = Data not valid

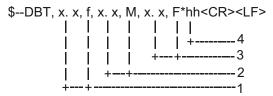
The Mode indicator field shall not be a null field.

BWW - Bearing, waypoint to waypoint



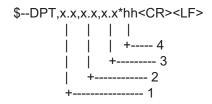
- 1. Bearing, degrees true
- 2. Bearing, degrees magnetic
- 3. TO waypoint ID
- 4. FROM waypoint ID
- 5. Checksum

DBT - Depth below transducer



- 1. Water depth, feet
- 2. Water depth, m
- 3. Water depth, fathoms
- 4. Checksum

DPT - Depth



- 1. Water depth relative to trancsducer, in meters
- 2. Offset from transeducer, in meters(see notes 1 and 2)
- 3. Maximum range scale in use
- 4. Checksum

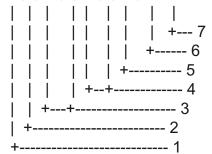
NOTE1 "positive"=distance from transeduser to water-line.

"-"=distance from transducer to keel.

NOTE2 For IEC applications the offset should always be applied so as to provide depth relative to the keel.

DTM - Datum reference

\$--DTM,ccc,a,x.x,a,x.x,a,x.x,ccc*hh<CR><LF>



1. Local datum W84 - WGS84

W72 - WGS72

S85 - SGS85

P90 - PE90

999 - User defined

IHO datum code

- 2. Local datum subdivision code
- 3. Lat offset, min, N/S
- 4. Lon offset, min, E/W
- 5. Altitude offset, m
- 6. Reference dattum W84 WGS84

W72 - WGS72

S85 - SGS85

P90 - PE90

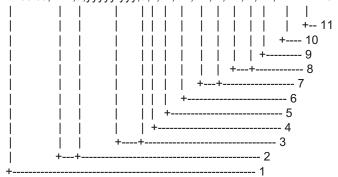
7. Checksum

GBS -GPS satellite fault detection

- 1. UTC time of the GGA fix addociated with this sentence
- 2. Expected error in latitude
- 3. Expected error in longitude
- 4. Expected error in altitude
- 5. Most likely failed satellite
- 6. Probability of missed detection for most likely failed satellite
- 7. Estimate of bias on most likely failed satellite
- 8. Standard deviation on bias estimate
- 9. Checksum

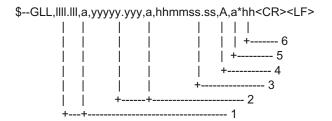
GGA -Global positioning system fix data

\$--GGA,hhmmss.ss,llll.lll,a,yyyyy,yyy,a,x,xx,x.x,x.x,M,x.x,M,x.x,xxxx*hh<CR><LF>



- 1. UTC of position
- 2. Latitude, N/S
- 3. Longitude, E/W
- 4. GPS quality indicator (0: No fix, 1: GPS, 2: Differential, 8: Demo mode)
- 5. Number of satllite in use,00-12, may be different from the number in view
- 6. Horizontal dilution of precision
- 7. Antenna altitude above/below mean sealevel, m
- 8. Geoidal separation, m
- 9. Age of differential GPS data
- 10. Differential reference station ID, 0000-1023
- 11. Checksum

GLL - Geographic position, latitude and longitude



- 1. Latitude, N/S
- 2. Longitude, E/W
- 3. UTC of position
- 4. Status: A=data valid, V=data invalid
- 5. Mode indicator(see note)
- 6. Checksum

NOTE Positioning system Mode indicator:

- A = Autonomous
- D = Differential
- S = Simulator
- N = Data not valid

The Mode indicator field supplements the Status field. The Status field shall be set to V=invalid for all values of Operating Mode except for A=Autonomous and D=Differential. The positioning system Mode indicator and Status field shall not be null fields.

GNS - GNSS fixed data

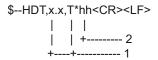
- 1. UTC of position
- 2. Latitude, N/S
- 3. Longitude, E/W
- 4. Mode indicator
- 5. Total number of satllite in use,00-99
- 6. HDOP
- 7. Antenna altitude, metres, re:mean-sea-level(geoid)
- 8. Geoidal separation
- 9. Age of differential data
- 10. Differential reference station ID
- 11. Checksum

HDG – Heading, deviation and variation



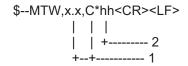
- 1. Magnetic sensor heading, degrees
- 2. Magnetic deviation, degrees E/W
- 3. Magnetic variation, degrees E/W
- 4. Checksum

HDT - Heading, true



- 1. Heading, degrees true
- 2. Checksum

MTW- Water temperature



- 1. Temperature, degrees C
- 2. Checksum

RMB - Recommended minimum navigation information

- 1. Data status: A=data valid, V=navigation receiver warning
- 2. Cross track error(see note 2) n.miles
- 3. Direction to steer L/R
- 4. Origin waypoint ID
- 5. Destination waypoint ID
- 6. Destination waypoint latitude, N/S
- 7. Destination waypoint longitude, E/W
- 8. Range to destination, n.miles(see note 1)
- 9. Bearing to destination, degrees true
- 10. Destination closing velocity, knots
- 11. Arrival status: A=arrival circle entered or perpendicular passed
- 12. Mode indicator(see note 3)
- 13. Checksum

NOTES

- 1 If range to destination exceeds 999.9 nautical miles, display 999.9.
- 2 If cross track error exceeds 9.99 nautical miles, display 9.99.
- 3 Positioning system Mode indicator:
 - A = Autonomous
 - D = Differential
 - S = Simulator
 - N = Data not valid

The Mode indicator field supplements the Status field. The Status field shall be set to V=invalid for all values of Operating Mode except for A=Autonomous and D=Differential. The positioning system Mode indicator and Status field shall not be null fields.

RMC- Recommended minimum specific GPS/TRANSIT data

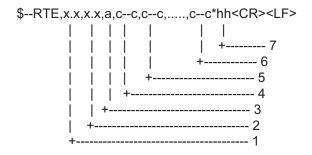
- 1. UTC of position fix
- 2. Status: A=data valid, V=navigation receiver warning
- 3. Latitude, N/S
- 4. Longitude, E/W
- 5. Speed over ground, knots
- 6. Course over ground, degrees true
- 7. Date: dd/mm/yy
- 8. magnetic variation, degrees E/W
- 9. Mode indicator(see note)
- 10. Checksum

NOTE Positioning system Mode indicator:

- A = Autonomous
- D = Differential
- S = Simulator
- N = Data not valid

The Mode indicator field supplements the Status field. The Status field shall be set to V=invalid for all values of Operating Mode except for A=Autonomous and D=Differential. The positioning system Mode indicator and Status field shall not be null fields.

RTE - Routes



- 1. Total number of messages being transmitted
- 2. Message number
- 3. Message mode:

c=complete route, all waypoints

w=working route, first listed waypoint is "FROM", second is "TO" and remaining reset of route

- 4. Route identifier
- 5. Waypoint identifier
- 6. Waypoint "n" identifier
- 7. Checksum

TLL - Target latitude and longitude

- 1. Target number 00 99
- 2. Latitude, N/S
- 3. Longitude, E/W
- 4. Target name
- 5. UTC of data
- 6. Target status(see note)
- 7. Reference target=R,null otherwise
- 8. Checksum

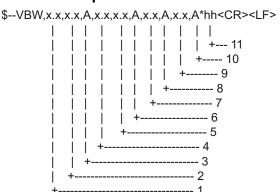
NOTE - Target status

L = lost,tracked target has beenlost

Q = query,target in the process of acquisition

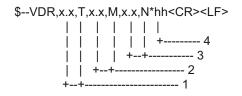
T = tracking

VBW - Dual ground/water speed



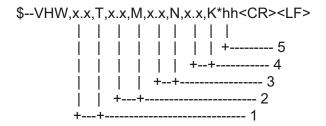
- 1. Longitudial water speed, knots
- 2. Transverse water speed, knots
- 3. Status: water speed, A=data valid V=data invalid
- 4. Longitudial ground speed, knots
- 5. Transverse ground speed, knots
- 6. Status: ground speed, A=data valid V=data invalid
- 7. Stern transverse water speed, knots
- 8. Status: stern water speed, A=data valid V=data invalid
- 9. Stern transverse ground speed, knots
- 10. Status: stern ground speed, A=data valid V=data invalid
- 11. Checksum

VDR - Set and drift



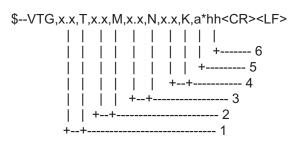
- 1. Direction, degrees true
- 2. Direction, degrees magnetic
- 3. Current speed, knots
- 4. Checksum

VHW – Water speed and heading



- 1. Heading, degrees true
- 2. Heading, degrees magnetic
- 3. Speed, knots
- 4. Speed, km/h
- 5. Checksum

VTG - Course over ground and ground speed



- 1. Course over ground, degrees true
- 2. Course over ground, degrees magnetic
- 3. Speed over ground, knots
- 4. Speed over ground, km/h
- 5. Mode indicator(see note)
- 6. Checksum

NOTE Positioning system Mode indicator:

A = Autonomous

D = Differential

S = Simulator

N = Data not valid

The positioning system Mode indicator field shall not be a null field.

WCV - Waypoint closure velocity

- 1. Velocity component, knots
- 2. Waypoint identifier
- 3. Mode indicator(see note)
- 4. Checksum

NOTE Positioning system Mode indicator:

A = Autonomous

D = Differential

S = Simulator

N = Data not valid

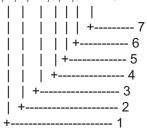
The positioning system Mode indicator field shall not be a null field.

WPL - Waypoint location

- 1. Waypoint latitude, N/S
- 2. Waypoint longitude, E/W
- 3. Waypoint identifier
- 4. Checksum

XTE - Cross-track error, measured

\$--XTE,A,A,x.x,a,N,a*hh<CR><LF>



NOTE Positioning system Mode indicator:

A = Autonomous mode
D = differential mode

S = Simulator mode

N = Data not valid

1. Status: A=data valid

V=LORAN-C blink or SNR warning

V=general warning flag or other navigation systems

when a reliable fix is not available

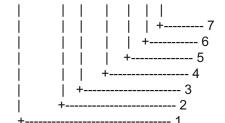
2. Status: A=data valid

V=LORAN-C cycle lock warning flag

- 3. Magnitude of cross-track error
- 4. Direction to steer, L/R
- 5. Units, nautical miles
- 6. Mode indicator(see note)
- 7. Checksum

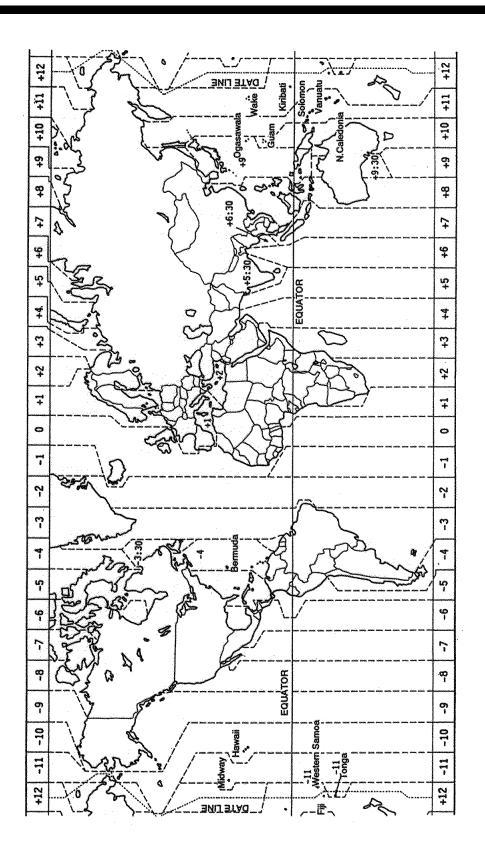
ZDA - Time and date

\$--ZDA,hhmmss.ss,xx,xx,xxx,xxx,xx*hh<CR><LF>



- 1. UTC
- 2. Day, 01 to 31(UTC)
- 3. Month, 01 to 12(UTC)
- 4. Year(UTC)
- 5. Local zone hours, 00h to +-13h
- 6. Local zone minutes, 00 to +59 as local hours
- 7. Checksum

TIME DIFFERENCES



GEODETIC CHART LIST

001 : WGS84		088 : NORTH AMERICAN 1927	: Western United States
002 : WGS72		089 :	: Eastern United States
003 : TOKYO	: Mean Vallue (Japan, Korea, and Okinawa)	090 :	: Alaska
004: NORTH AMERICAN 1927	: Mean Vallue (CONUS)	091 :	: Bahamas (Excluding San Saivador Island)
005 : EUROPEAN 1950	: Mean Vallue	092 :	: Bahamas • • San Saivador Island
006 : AUSTRALIAN GEODETIC 1984	: Australia and Tasmania Island	093 :	: Canada (Including Newfoundland Island)
007 : ADINDAN	: Mean Value(Ethiopia and Sudan)	094 :	: Alberta and British Columbla
008 :	: Ethiopia	095 :	: East Canada
009 :	: Mall	096 :	: Manitoba and Ontario
010 :	: Senegal	097 :	: Nothwest Territories and Saskatchewan
011 :	: Sudan	098 :	: Yukon
012 : AFG	: Somalla	099 :	: Canal Zone
013 : AIN EL ABD 1970	: Bahrain Island	100 :	: Caribbean
014 : ANNA 1 ASTRO 1965	: Cocos Island	101 :	: Central America
015 : ARC 1950	: Mean Value	102 :	: Cuba
016 :	: Bostswana	103 :	: Greenland
017 :	: Lesotho	104 :	: Mexico
018 :	: Malawi	105 : NORTH AMERICAN 1983	: Alaska
019 :	: Swazlland	106 :	: Canada
020 :	: Zaire	107 :	: CONUS
021 :	: Zambla	108 :	: Mexico, Central America
022 :	: Zimbabwe	109 : OBSERVATORIO 1966	: Corvo and Flores Islands (Azores)
023 : ARC 1960 024 :	: Mean Value (Kanya, Tanzania)	110 : OLD EGYPTIAN 1930	
024 :	: Kenya : Tanzania		: Egypt : Mean Value
025 : 026 : ASCENSION ISLAND 1958	: ranzania : Ascension Island	111 : OLD HAWAIIAN	
		112 :	: Hawaii
027 : ASTRO BEACON "E"	: Iwo Jima Island : Tem Island	113 :	: Kaual
028 : ASTRO B4 SOR. ATOLL		114 :	: Maui
029 : ASTRO POS 71/4	: St. Helena Island	115 :	: Oahu
030 : ASTRONOMIC STATION 1952 031 : AUSTRALIAN GEODETIC 1966	: Marcus Island	116 : OMAN	: Oman
031 : AUSTRALIAN GEODETIC 1966 032 : BELLEVUE (IGN)	: Australla and Tasmania Island : Efate and Erromango Islands	117 : ORDNANCE SURVEY OF GREAT BR	
032 : BELLEVUE (IGN) 033 : BERMUDA 1957		118 :	: England
	: Bermuda Islands	119 :	: England, Isie of Man, and Wales
034 : BOGOTA OBSERVATORY	: Colombia	120 :	: Scotland and Shetland Islands
035 : CAMPO INCHAUSPE	: Argentina	121 :	: Wales
036 : CANTON ISLAND 1966	: Phoenix Islands	122 : PICO DE LAS NIVIES	: Canary Islands
037 : CAPE	: South Africa	123 : PITCAIRN ASTRO 1967	: Pitcaim Island
038 : CAPE CANAVERAL	: Mean Value (Florida and Bahama Islands)	124 : PROVISIONAL SOUTH CHILEAN 1963	: South Chile (near 53° s)
039 : CARTHAGE	: Tunisia	125 : PROVISIONAL SOUTH AMERICAN 1956	: Mean Value
040 : CHATHAM 1971	: Chatham Island (New Zealand)	126 :	: Bolivia
041 : CHUA ASTRO	: Paraguay	127 :	: Chile • • Northem Chie (near 19° s)
042 : CORREGO ALEGRE	: Brazil	128 :	: Chile • • Southern Chile (near 43° s)
043 : DJAKARTA (BATAVIA)	: Sumatra Island (Indonesia)	129 :	: Colombia
044 : DOS 1968	: Gizo Island (New Georgla Island)	130 :	: Ecuador
045 : EASTER ISLAND 1967	: Easter Island	131 :	: Guyana
046 : EUROPEAN 1950 (Cont'd)	: Western Europe	132 :	•
047 :	: Cypus	132 :	: Peru
048 :	: Egypt		: Venezuela
049 :	: England, Scotland, Channel, and Shetland	134 : PUERTO RICO	: Puerto Rico and Virgln Islands
050 :	Islands	135 : QATAR NATIONAL	: Qatar
	: England,Ireland, Scotland, and Shetland Islands	136 : QORNOQ	: South Greenland
	: Greece	137 : ROME 1940	: Sardinia Islands
051 :			: Sao Maguel, Santa Maria Islands (Azores)
051 : 052 :	: Iran	138 : SANTNA BRAZ	
051 : 052 : 053 :	: Iran : Italy • • Sardinla	138 : SANTNA BRAZ 139 : SANTO (DOS)	: Espirito Santo Island
051 : 052 : 053 : 054 :	: Iran : Italy • • Sardinla : Italy • • Sicily	139 : SANTO (DOS) 140 : SAPPER HILL 1943	
051: 052: 053: 054: 055:	: Iran : Italy • • Sardinla : Italy • • Sicily : Norway and Finland	139 : SANTO (DOS)	: Espirito Santo Island
051: 052: 053: 054: 055: 056:	: Iran : Italy • • Sardinla : Italy • • Sicily : Norway and Finland : Portugal and Spain	139 : SANTO (DOS) 140 : SAPPER HILL 1943	: Espirlto Santo Island : East Faikland Island
051: 052: 053: 054: 055: 056: 056: 057: EUROPEAN 1979	: Iran : Italy • • Sardinla : Italy • • Sicily : Norway and Finland : Portugal and Spain : Mean Value	139 : SANTO (DOS) 140 : SAPPER HILL 1943 141 : SOUTH AMERICAN 1969	: Espirito Santo Island : East Faikland Island : Mean Value
051: 052: 053: 054: 055: 056: 057: EUROPEAN 1979 058: GANDAJIKA BASE	: Iran : Italy • • Sardinla : Italy • • Sicily : Norway and Finland : Portugal and Spain : Mean Value : Republic of Maldives	139 : SANTO (DOS) 140 : SAPPER HILL 1943 141 : SOUTH AMERICAN 1969 142 :	: Espirito Santo Island : East Faikland Island : Mean Value : Argentina
051: 052: 053: 054: 055: 056: 057: EUROPEAN 1979 058: GANDAJIKA BASE 059: GEODETIC DATUM 1949	: Iran : Italy • • Sardinla : Italy • • Sicily : Norway and Finland : Portugal and Spain : Mean Value : Republic of Maldives : New Zealand	139 : SANTO (DOS) 140 : SAPPER HILL 1943 141 : SOUTH AMERICAN 1969 142 : 143 :	: Espirito Santo Island : East Faikland Island : Mean Value : Argentina : Bollvia
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LORAN C CHAINS

Chain	GRI	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5
Central Pacific	4990	11	29	_	_	_
Canadian East Coast	5930	11	25	38	_	_
Commando Lion (Korea)	5970	11	31	42	-	_
Canadian West Coast	5990	11	27	41	_	_
South Saudi Arabia	7170	11	26	39	52	_
Labrador Sea	7930	11	26	_	_	_
Eastern Russia	7950	11	30	46	61	_
Gulf of Alaska	7960	11	26	44	_	_
Norwegian Sea	7970	11	26	46	60	_
Southeast USA	7980	11	23	43	59	_
Mediterranean Sea	7990	11	29	47	_	_
Western Russia	8000	10	25	50	65	_
North Central USA	8290	11	27	42	_	_
North Saudi Arabia	8990	11	25	40	56	69
Great Lakes	8970	11	28	44	59	_
South Central USA	9610	11	25	40	52	65
West Coast USA	9940	11	27	40	_	_
Northeast USA	9960	11	25	39	54	_
Northwest Pacific (old)	9970	11	30	55	81	_
Icelandic	9980	11	30	_	_	_
North Pacific	9990	11	29	43	_	_
Suez	4991	10	24			
England, France	8940	12	30			
Northwest Pacific	8930	11	30	50	70	
Newfoundland East Coast	7270	11	25			
Lessay	6731	10	39			
BØ	7001	11	27			
Sylt	7499	11	26			
Ejde	9007	10	23	38		
Saudia Arabia North	8830	11	25	39	56	
Saudia Arabia South	7030	11	25	37	55	

DECCA CHAINS

Chain No.	Chain	Chain code	Location	Chain no.	Chain	Chain code	Location
01	South Baltic	0A	Europe	34	Kanto	8C	Japan
02	Vestlandet	0E	11	35	Shikoku	4C	II .
03	Southwest British	1B	п	36	Hokuriku	2C	II .
04	Northumbrian	2A	п	37	Kita Kyushu	7C	II .
05	Holland	2E	п	38	Namaqualand	4A	Southern Africa
06	North British	3B	п	39	Cape	6A	П
07	Lofoten	3E	п	40	Eastern Province	8A	П
08		3F	ıı .	41	South West Africa	9C	"
09	North Baltic	4B	п	42	Natal	10C	п
10	North West	4C	п	43	Dampier	8E	Australia
11	Trondelag	4E	п	44	Port Headland	4A	п
12	English	5B	п	45	Anticosti	9C	Northern America
13	North Bothnian	5F	п	46	East Newfoundland	2C	II .
14	Southern Spanish	6A	п	47	Cabot Strait	6B	п
15	North Scottish	6C	п	48	Nova Scotia	7C	п
16	Gulf of Finland	6E	п				
17	Danish	7B	п				
18	Irish	7D	п				
19	Finnmark	7E	п				
20	French	8B	п				
21	South Bothnian	8C	п				
22	Hebridean	8E	п				
23	Frisian Islands	9B	п				
24	Helgeland	9E	п				
25	Skagerrak	10B	п				
26	North Persian Gulf	5C	Persian Gulf & India				
27	South Persian Gulf	1C	п				
28	Bombay	7B	п				
29	Calcutta	8B	п				
30	Bangladesh	6C	п				
31	Saliyah	2F	п				
32	Hokkaido	9C	Japan				
33	Tohoku	6C	п				

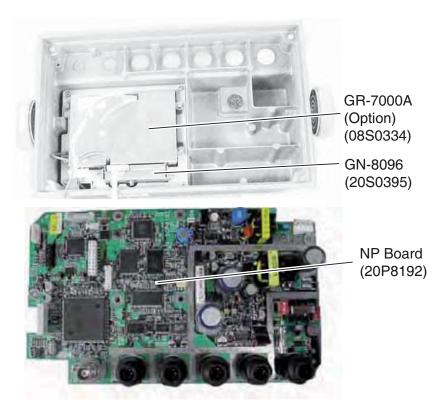
PARTS LIST

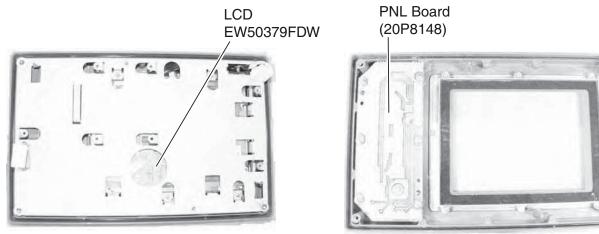
This equipment contains complex modules in which fault diagnosis and repair down to component level are not practical (IMO A.694(17)/8.3.1). Only some discrete components are used. FURUNO Electric Co., Ltd. believes identifying these components is of no value for shipboard maintenance; therefore, they are not listed in the manual. Major modules can be located on the parts location photos on the next page.

F U R	UNO	Model	GP-150	
		Unit		
			DISPLAY UNIT GP-150	
ELECTR	RICAL PARTS LIST			
	Sep-05	Blk.No.		
SYMBOL	TYPE			
DISPLAY	UNIT GP-150		Code No.	
	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD			
	20P8148, PNL		004-401-410	
	20P8192, NP		004-401-960	
	ASSEMBLY			
	20S0395, GN-8096		000-150-957-12	
	08S0334, GR-7000A (option)		000-130-337-12	
	occorr, err rocert (opacin)		000 110 210	
	LCD			
	20S0394, EW50379FDW		000-151-235	
Ī				

Parts Location

Display unit





Display unit, cover opened, GR-7000A installed



SPECIFICATIONS OF GPS NAVIGATOR GP-150/Dual

1 GPS RECEIVER

1.1 Receiving Frequency 1575.42 MHz1.2 Tracking Code C/A code

1.3 Number of Channel GPS: 12 channels parallel, 12 satellites

1.4 Position Fixing Method All-in-view, 8-state Kalman filter

1.5 Accuracy

GPS: 10 m approx. (2drms)
DGPS: 5 m approx. (2drms)
WAAS: 3 m approx. (2drms)

1.6 Ship's Speed Accuracy 0.2kt (10kt or less), 2 % of ship's speed (more than 10kt)

1.7 Course Accuracy ±3° (within 1 to 17kt), ±1° (more than 17kt)

1.8 Position Fixing Time Warm start: 12 s typical, Cold start: 90 s typical

1.9 Tracking Velocity 999 kt

1.10 Position Update Interval 1 s

1.11 RAIM Indicators Safe, Unsafe, Caution

1.12 Beacon Receiver (internal kit, option)

Frequency Range 283.5 to 325.0 kHz

MSK rate 50, 100, 200 bps; select auto or manual

2 DISPLAY SECTION

2.1 LCD Display Monochrome LCD 122 x 92 mm, 320 x 240 dot matrix
2.2 Display Modes Plotter 1 (NU), Plotter 2 (CU), Highway, Navigation, Data

2.3 Projection Mercator

2.4 Track Plotter Display

Scale 0.02 to 320 nm, 14 steps Latitude Limits Between 85 N and 85 S

Plot Interval By time 0 to 60m00s or by distance 0 to 99.99 nm, sm or km, or

halt

2.5 Memory Capacity

Track and Marks 2,000 points

Waypoints 999 points with 12 characters comment each

Route 30 (containing 30 waypoints/route) and 1 simplified route

2.6 Alarms Arrival and anchor watch, XTE, Speed, Trip*, Water temperature*,

Water depth*

*: external sensor required

2.7 Satellite Information Satellite number, Bearing, Elevation, Signal level, DOP, Status



3 INTERFACE

3.1 Number of Ports 4

3.2 Data Format IEC61162-1 (JUL-2000), NMEA0183 Ver1.5/2.0

IN: (DATA 1 &2*) AGFPA, DBT, DPT, MTW, TLL,

HDG**, HDM**, HDT**, VBW**, VHW**

(DATA 3) MOB from external device (contact closure), (DATA 4) DGPS correction data in RTCM SC-104 V2.0,

Waypoint data downloaded from YEOMAN plotter,

Waypoint data or navaids information from conventional PC

OUT: AAM, APA, APB, BOD, BWC, BWR, BWW, DTM, GBS, GGA, GLL,

GNS, RMB, RMC, Rnn, RTE, VTG, WCV, WNC, WNR, WPL, XTE, ZDA (or LOGOUT depending on jumper setting for Port 3), Waypoint

data to conventional PC (DATA 4 only)

* GP-150-Dual: DATA 2 port is used for the system connection.

**: GP-150 only

4 POWER SUPPLY

4.1 Display Unit 12-24VDC: 0.8-0.4A (w/ internal beacon receiver)

4.2 Rectifier (PR-62, option) 100/110-115/220/230 VAC, 1 phase, 50/60Hz

5 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION

5.1 Ambient Temperature

5.2

Antenna Unit -25°C to 70°C

Display Unit -15°C to 55°C

Relative Humidity 95 % at +40°C

5.3 Waterproofing (IEC 60529)

Antenna Unit IPX6

Display Unit IPX5 (USCG CFR-46)

5.4 Vibration • 2 - 5 Hz and up to 13.2 Hz with an excursion of ±1 mm ±10%

(IEC 60945 ed.4) (7 m/s² maximum acceleration at 13.2 Hz)

• 13.2 - 100 Hz with a constant maximum acceleration of 7 m/s²

6 COATING COLOR

6.1 Antenna Unit N9.5 (white)

6.2 Display Unit N3.0

INDE

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Declaration of Conformity



We

FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

(Manufacturer)

9-52 Ashihara-Cho, Nishinomiya City, 662-8580, Hyogo, Japan

(Address)

declare under our sole responsibility that the product

GPS navigator Types: GP-150 and GP-150-DUAL consisting of Display unit (GP-150 or GP-150-DUAL), Antenna unit (GPA-017S, GPA-018S or GPA-019S), Interface unit (IF-2500 for GP-150-DUAL), DGPS beacon receiver board GR-700A and GPS/beacon distributor (MS-GB2 for GP-150-DUAL)

(Model name, type number)

to which this declaration relates conforms to the following standard(s) or normative document(s)

IMO Resolution Test standard

IMO Resolution A.819(19) EN 61108-1: 1996-06 (IEC 61108-1 1st edition: 1996-06) IMO Resolution MSC.112(73) EN 61108-1: 2003-07 (IEC 61108-1 2nd edition: 2003-07) IMO Resolution A.694(17) EN 60945: 1997-01 (IEC 60945 3nd edition: 1996-11) EN 60945: 2002 (IEC 60945 4th edition: 2002-08)

EN 61162-1: 2000-07 (IEC 61162-1 2nd edition: 2000-07)

(title and/or number and date of issue of the standard(s) or other normative document(s))

For assessment, see

- EC type-examination (Module B) certificate N°: 06212001/AA/01; USCG Approval N°: 165.130/EC0560/06212001 of 31 May 2007 issued by Telefication BV, The Netherlands
- Production Quality System (Module D) certificate No. P 112 of 4 December 2009 issued by Telefication BV, The Netherlands
- Test reports 99383230 of 2 July 2003 issued by Telefication BV, The Netherlands
- Test Reports No. FLI 12-03-014 of 12 June 2003, FLI 12-02-040 of 29 August 2003, FLI 12-03-065 of 19 December 2003 and FLI 12-05-047 of 26 October 2005 prepared by Furuno Labotech International Co., Ltd., Nishinomiya, Japan

This declaration is issued according to the provisions of European Council Directive 96/98/EC on marine equipment modified by the Commission Directive 2002/75/EC.

On behalf of Furuno Electric Co., Ltd.

Hiroaki Komatsu

Manager,

International Rules and Regulations

February 26, 2009

(Place and date of issue)

Nishinomiya City, Japan

(name and signature or equivalent marking of authorized person)