



Calibration Certificate

No. 2022-2669-05

Calibration Item Pyrgeometer

Manufacturer

Kipp & Zonen

Type CGR4 with PT-100 body thermistor

Serial number 110400

Customer Alfred Wegener Institut

Helmholtz-Zentrum für Polar und Meeresforschung

Am Handelshafen 12 27572 Bremerhaven

Germany

Calibration Mark 2022-2669-05

Period of Calibration 22-Aug-2022 to 22-Sep-2022

Davos Dorf, 28 September, 2022

C. Thomann

In charge of calibration Head IR Radiometry Section

Julia Suls

Dr. Julian Gröbner

PMOD/WRC follows the requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories according to ISO/IEC 17025:2017.

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Calibration procedure

This instrument was calibrated by an outdoor comparison to the pyrgeometer reference group (PIR 31463F3, PIR 31464F3, CG4 FT004, and CG4 010535) of the infrared radiometry section of the World radiation Center (WRC-IRS) at PMOD/WRC according to the document "QM-SOP-IRS-0019". The comparison is made during nighttime with cloudy and cloud-free situations. The pyrgeometer was installed in a PMOD-VHS ventilation unit with a heated air flow around the dome.

From the measurements the responsivity C is determined by using the standard relation (see Eq. 1 below), which involves the pyrgeometer signal $U_{\rm emf}$ and the body temperature $T_{\rm B}$ of the pyrgeometer. Body temperature is determined using equation (2) below. The longwave downward irradiance E is calculated using the following equation:

$$E = \frac{U_{\text{emf}}}{C} (1 + k_1 \sigma T_{\text{B}}^3) + k_2 \sigma T_{\text{B}}^4$$
 (1)

The Stefan-Boltzmann constant σ was set to the 2018 recommended CODATA value,

$$\sigma = \frac{\pi^2 k^4}{60\hbar^3 c^2} = 5.670374 \dots \times 10^{-8} \text{ Wm}^{-2} \text{K}^{-4}$$

The conversion of the resistance to temperature used the equation shown below:

$$T = \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 - 4b\left(1 - \frac{R}{100}\right)}}{2b} + 273.15 \tag{2}$$

where the temperature T is given in Kelvin and the thermistor resistance R is given in Ohm. The constants a and b are listed below:

$$a = 3.90802 \times 10^{-3}$$
 $b = -5.80195 \times 10^{-7}$



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Calibration results

Responsivity:

$$C = 8.49 \ \mu VW^{-1}m^2$$

$$U = 0.27 \; \mu V W^{-1} m^2$$

The responsivity C was derived using the following pyrgeometer coefficients k_1 and k_2 :

$$k_1 = 0.04$$

$$k_2 = 0.9983$$

The reported relative expanded uncertainty of measurement U is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Calibration remarks

Logger used for WISG reference : CR23X1-1028 (2022)

Logger used for DUT: CR7X2-001 (2022)

Radiation and temperature conditions during the calibration:

Longwave downward radiation (LDR)	241	W/m^2	to	308	W/m^2
Net radiation	-99	W/m^2	to	-73	W/m^2
Pyrgeometer body temperature	3.9	°C	to	15.9	°C
Integrated water vapour (IWV)	10.4	mm	to	19.6	mm
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Residuals (2.5% to 97.5% percentile) 0.7 W/m²

Measurement period 22-Aug-2022 to 22-Sep-2022

Measurement days

Comments

The coefficients k_1 and k_2 were determined in the reference blackbody source of PMOD/WRC on 27 September 2022 using blackbody temperatures between -19 °C and +15 °C and pyrgeometer body temperatures between -10 °C and +20 °C.

The dome of the instrument was cleaned regularly and the sillicagel was changed on arrival.